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The Cameo Brooch.

BY RETT WINWOOD.

A pretty girl was seated upon a vine-wreathed porch, darning stockings. Max Delaney's eyes brightened as they rested upon her, and a thrill stirred his usually unsusceptible heart.

"Have I traversed the wide world over, and gone unearthed all those years," he asked himself, "only to fall in love, at first sight, with a rustic divinity out in the wilds of Michigan?"

At the sound of his footsteps the girl looked up, with a startled air, the lovely, peach-bloom color deepening and brightening in her velvety cheeks.

What Daisy Wentworth saw was a tall, dark young man, of eight-and-twenty, with a somewhat listless expression upon his face. He wore a tourist's dress of gray tweed, and carried a small pack slung across his broad shoulders.

"May I trouble you for a drink of water?" he asked, in a low, musical voice, that made the girl start, its refined accents were so different from the rough speech to which she was accustomed.

Before Daisy could comply with the request, the kitchen-door swung suddenly open, and a hard, strong-featured face, with beetling black brows and fiery eyes, peered out, the face of Mrs. Wentworth, Daisy's stepmother.

"Don't come in here!" she cried, in a shrill, acrid voice, glowering angrily at the astonished young man. "You have nothing I want in that nasty pack. I never trade with tramps."

"Oh, mother!" cried Daisy, in dismay. "I am sure the man is no peddler."

"He's something worse, then, and had better go about his business."

Mrs. Wentworth was about to slam the door, when, by an amusing coincidence, a peddler's cart drove into the yard.

She was one of those women who made "distinctions." Though unable to abide one who carried his pack on his own back, she had a weakness for peddlers who had arrived at the distinction of driving a cart.

The angry look instantly vanished from her face, leaving it bland and smiling. She decided that Max Delaney must be the avant courier.

"I'm sure I beg your pardon!" she said, humbly. "I took you for one o' the sort that goes about with smuggled goods made right here at home, and cheap laces they try to palm off as genuine thread. I am disgusted with the whole tribe. And Daisy there has put me all out of temper with her trifling and idling. Just like her dead mother, they say. It's a dreadful trial to have another woman's child to bring up. I would never have married Silas Wentworth had I known he would up and die at the end of five years, and leave me to take care of his first wife's daughter. I have children enough of my own to look after."

Daisy was accustomed to these tirades, but they always brought tears to her eyes. She might have reported that her stepmother had seized upon the bit of property that was left, and used it all for the benefit of her own children, but she refrained.

"Wait a minute," Mrs. Wentworth resumed, garrulously. "I've got lots of rags stowed away in the garret, that I've been keeping until the right person comes along. If you don't mind being hindered, I'll go and gather 'em up."

A roguish twinkle showed itself in Max Delaney's eyes, as the woman disappeared in the direction of the upper regions.

"My pack only contains the kit of a strolling artist," he said, smilingly. "But here comes the real Simon Pure," as a freckled-faced man, with a scraggy, sandy moustache, ascended the steps, bringing an armful of tinware and some old-fashioned steelyards. "I shall abdicate in his favor."

Daisy's cheeks were burning hotly, but she caught up her print sunbonnet, and bringing a tumbler from the pantry-shelf, led the way to the well, in the shadow of some lilac-bushes at the rear of the house.

Max drank the cool water she proffered, as though it had been ambrosia. On returning the empty glass, his gaze happened to fall upon the pin that fastened Daisy's collar. It was a cameo of considerable value—a portrait finely and artistically cut; but it did not look out of place, though her dress was of common gingham.

"I beg your pardon!" he said, eagerly. "But may I ask where you got that brooch?"

"It was my mother's," Daisy replied; "that is why I like to wear it."

"Oh—an heirloom! Can you tell me anything of its history?"

"Very little. My mother prized it highly. The likeness is that of some relative—a great-aunt, I believe."

"What was your mother's maiden name?"

"Ethel McLean."

Max gazed at the girl curiously. He would have said more, but Mrs. Wentworth's shrill voice sounded at that instant, calling sharply for Daisy.

"Don't be loitering there, you good-for-nothing child! You might try to make yourself useful occasionally. You've only been a burden to me ever since your father died. Go right up into the garret, and bring down the rest o' them rags."

Daisy flitted away, a painful flush suffusing her face.

But she had not seen the last of the handsome artist.

That evening, as she stood dejectedly at the garden gate, wearied out with the labors of the day and trying to escape for a few moments from her stepmother's shrewish tongue, he came whistling along the lane, and paused beside her.

"You have been crying!" he exclaimed, abruptly, looking into her pretty forget-me-not eyes

"Yes," she admitted. "It was very foolish of me."

"That dreadful woman has been scolding you again?"

"I deserved it, no doubt. I am not strong, and cannot accomplish much."

Max Delaney muttered something under his breath, then asked:

"Why don't you leave her? Have you no relatives to whom you could go?"

Daisy shook her head.

"There is only the great-aunt of whom I spoke this morning—and I don't even know where to find her. It would make no difference if I did. She is very rich, but my stepmother says she hates girls, and could not be induced to give me a penny."

"Suppose you go away with me?"

The girl stared at him, her cheeks flushed, her lips parted.

"I—I don't understand what you mean, sir," she stammered.

"There is no occasion to look so frightened, little one, though it is very sudden. But I took a liking to you at once, and I cannot endure to see you abused. I want you for my wife, darling."

Daisy had had lovers before, but never one for whom she cared.

A thrill of tingling sweetness shot through her veins. She felt the spell of those magnetic, dark eyes, but Max Delaney was a stranger, and she dared not yield to it.

"No, no—you cannot realize what you are saying, or else you are only laughing at me!" she cried, running away and hiding herself, with emotions singularly blended of rapture and alarm.

Two weeks wore on, Daisy saw no more of the handsome artist, but she was continually dreaming or thinking of him.

One morning, Daisy unexpectedly received a letter. It fell first into her stepmother's hands, who, in the exercise of a privilege arrogated to herself, immediately tore it open and possessed herself of its contents. It ran thus:

"I do not expect to feel proud of a grand-niece brought up in the backwoods of Michigan, but it is time you saw something of the world. You can come to me for a six weeks visit, if you like. But don't expect to become my heiress. My will is made already, and does not give you a dollar.

PATTY McLEAN.

"Bless me!" Mrs. Wentworth exclaimed, startled almost out of her senses. "It is from that miserly old woman, your great-aunt. How did she learn your address, I wonder? And she has actually sent a cheque for one hundred dollars to buy a new outfit, and defray expenses. Well, I never!"

Daisy's heart beat high with hope and expectation.

"I may go?" she cried, in an eager, pleading tone.

Mrs. Wentworth frowned.

"I don't knew how to spare you, just as harvest is coming on. But that crabbed old maid would be angry if I refused to let you go. She lives in Philadelphia, it appears. Twenty-five dollars will take you there, and you'll want 25 more for new clothes, That will leave $50 for me and my daughter Joanna. Yes, you might as well begin to get ready.'

When Daisy's preparations were all made, and she was about setting out upon her journey, Mrs. Wentworth said:

"Now I want you to speak a good word for Joanna. She ain't no relation of Miss McLean, to-be-sure, but the old miser might send her a few dresses and jewels, and never miss 'em. Take everything that's offered you, Daisy, and when you come back I'll divide the things between you two girls."

Daisy was quite startled by the magnificence of the brown stone front where Miss McLean resided.

Her great aunt, a wrinkled old crone in black velvet and lace, welcomed her with a kiss.

"You have your mother's face, my dear. I am glad of that."

"Oh," cried Daisy, eagerly, "do you remember my mother?"

"Certainly. I used to wish she was a boy, that I might leave her my money. But girls are not of much consequence in this world. I had lost all trace of poor Ethel. And so Silas Wentworth is dead? He was a good man, but sadly wanting in energy."

"How did you find me, Aunt Patty?"

"That's a secret," an odd twinkle in her beady eyes. "By-the-way, I see you wear a cameo brooch that was your mother's. It was cut in Italy half a century ago. Do you know whose head it is?"

"Yours, Aunt Patty."

The old woman laughed softly.

"Yes dear; though it does not bear much resemblance to me now. One changes in 50 years. There were two cut at the same time. I have always kept the duplicate."

It was a charmed life that opened for Daisy. The gay city, with all its attractions and novelties, seemed like enchanted land. She was thoroughly happy for the first time in her life.

Miss McLean appeared quite fond of her, and her sweet dreams were never interrupted by Mrs. Wentworth's sharp, rasping voice.

Six weeks went by all too quickly, and at last she was summoned to her great-aunt's dressing-room.

"The limit of your stay has expired," Miss McLean said, looking at her keenly. "I hope you have enjoyed yourself?"

"Very, very much!" Daisy answered, her voice choking a little. "It was very kind of you to invite me here."

"You are ready to return home?"

"Whenever you think I had better go, dear aunt."

Two or three great drops fell down the girl's pretty face. She wiped them surreptitiously away, but not before the cunning old woman had seen them.

"Daisy," she said abruptly, "what if I were to ask you to remain?"

The girl sprang toward her with an impulsive little cry.

"Will you, Aunt Patty? Oh, I would be so glad!"

"You can stay upon one condition. I have learned to love you, but my will is made, as I wrote you. It cannot be altered, even to please you. The bulk of my fortune goes to my half-sister's son, a very worthy young man. Daisy, you can remain as his wife! I have communicated with him, and he is very willing to consent to the arrangement."

Daisy grew very pale. Consent to marry a man she had never seen? No, that would have been impossible, even if Max Delaney's image did not fill all her heart.

"I must go," she said sadly. "There is no other way."

"Wait until you have met my heir. You might change your mind."

"Never!"

Poor Daisy dropped floods of tears into the trunk with the new clothes Miss McLean's generosity had provided.

At last, when the goodbyes had been spoken, she groped her way blindly down stairs. A gentleman stood near the drawing-room door. As she looked up, a startled cry broke from her lips.

"Max Delaney!"

"You here? How very strange!"

She blushed furiously, but as the young man opened his arms, Daisy leaned her head up n his shoulder with a weary sigh.

"Are you glad to see me, darling?" he whispered.

"Oh, very glad!"

"Then do you love me a little?"

"Yes," she answered, unable to keep back the truth.

Just then Daisy heard a low laugh, and looking up, saw Miss McLean standing upon the landing, her kind old face beaming with delight.

"You might as well ring for the maid to take your wraps, my dear!" she called out.

Daisy glanced bewilderingly from the smiling woman to the handsome lover.

"What does she mean?"

"That you are never going back to be abused by your shrewish stepmother," Max answered. "Forgive me for trying you so sorely, but it was Aunt Patty's wish. I am her heir."

One week later, Mrs. Wentworth received a large box of clothing and nicknacks, but she had seen the last of Daisy herself.—Saturday Night.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Mt. Edgecomb, in Alaska, has one of the largest craters in the world, being five miles in diameter, which is filled with dense forests 2000 feet below the rim.

The friends of the dead in China beg permission to burn quaint pasteboard images of men and cattle, shaped in crinkled paper, on the spot where the dead lie. The ceremony is a mark of respect and is believed also to act as a sedative on the departed spirits.

The spectacle of the ibis thoroughly domesticated on a pool within the city limits of Los Angeles, Cal., is suggestive of the mild winters of that region, as the ibis is a tropical bird. These birds were introduced several years ago, and live there perfectly contented.

During a recent thunderstorm in Philadelphia lightning struck a marble statue of Diana at the entrance to Fairmont park. Immediately afterward the left leg of the statue turned brown. Next morning all the coloring had disappeared, except one large spot, which has so far resisted persistent scrubbing and the application of powerful acids. The marble statue when struck was illuminated as though hundreds of electric lights had been arranged about it.

The strong, firm linen woven in many struggling country homes, in Colonial days, was too valuable and too readily exchangable and valuable to be kept wholly free from use, especially when there were so few salable articles produced on the farm. It was sold or more frequently exchanged at the village store for any desired commodity, such as calico, salt, sugar, spices or tea. It readily sold for 42 cents a yard, Therefore the boys and even the fathers did not always have linen shirts to wear.

Perhaps no greater difference exists between any mode of the olden times and that of today than can be seen in the manner of serving the meals of the family. In the first place the very dining table of the colonists was not like our present ones. It was a long and narrow board, sometimes but three feet wide, with no legs attached to it. It was laid on supports or trestles, shaped something like a sawhorse. Thus it was literally a board, and was called a tableboard, and the linen cover used at meals was not called a tablecloth, but a boardcloth or boardclothes.

Mexico Trying to Buy American Horses.

The Mexican government is the last to enter the United States in search for cavalry horses, and according to Manuel Alvarez of the City of Mexico, who is at the American House here, his government is too late to find such horses as are suitable for the purpose. Senor Alvarez is the agent of the Mexican war department. He has been through Arizona and New Mexico and a large part of Colorado. The horses he wants must be not less than 15 1-2 hands and not more than 16 hands high, and of all solid color, either black or dark brown. For suitable horses his government pays from $95 to $125. Senor Alvarez said that nearly all the horses which were suitable for cavalrymen had already been bought by Russian, German and English agents.—Denver Republican.

One of the most universal failings in regard to correct diet is the neglect to drink enough water

THE RAVAGES OF DISEASE

Nearly Every Family in Cementon, Penn., Afflicted With Typhoid Fever.

MANY DEATHS HAVE OCCURRED

In Twenty-two Families Every Person is Stricken — The Place's Physicians Unable to Attend the Sick — Low State of the Lehigh River Probably the Cause of the Epidemic.

Hazleton, Penn. (Special).—Typhoid fever has become epidemic in Cementon, a town on the Lehigh River not far from Allentown. Out of 200 families composing the population, there are one or more cases in 118 families. Of twenty-two families, all members from the father down to the youngest child are prostrated by the disease, which has now been raging over two weeks. There have been several deaths during this time and the condition of many is extremely critical.

In addition to distress caused by disease there is a lack of medical attendance. There have been only two physicians in the town. These men have worked unceasingly and for more than a week gave constant attention to the people. Their exertions night and day overtaxed their strength and both have collapsed. One other physician has been coming there from Slatington. He cannot possibly attend to all of the victims and the town is too poor to employ specialists. The people are not able to hire nurses, so that the situation appeals most strongly to outside help.

The cause of the epidemic is believed to rest with the town's water supply which has been taken from the Lehigh River. From the evidence already secured it would seem that the river is a stream of contagion distributing its poison over a wide area and seriously threatening other towns below Cementon which also get their water supply therefrom. The populous towns of Catasaqua, Bethlehem, Allentown and Easton are all on the Lehigh.

RABBITS CAUSE AN EPIDEMIC.

Many Children Die From Black Diphtheria at Grafton, Ill.

Alton, Ill. (Special).—Grafton, on the Mississippi River, above Alton, is in the throes of a severe epidemic of black diphtheria, which has been accompanied by a large number of deaths, particularly among children.

The spread of the epidemic is believed to have been caused by rabbits. For several weeks hunters have found large numbers of them dead in the woods and hills. Some of the dead animals were brought to the village, and an examination by physicians revealed the fact that the animals had died from diphtheria.

The authorities now think the epidemic was spread in Grafton by people eating the rabbits brought into the market. While they were apparently healthy, they had evidently been inoculated with the diphtheria by the dead animals.

Diphtheria in a Newark School.

Newark, N. J. (Special).—As a result of an incipient epidemic of diphtheria in the Burnet street school, Board of Health inspectors gave the building a thorough fumigation from cellar to garret. The sanitary condition of the school is bad, and many parents are protesting against it.

Diphtheria in Burning Leaves.

Woodbury, N. J. (Special).—Some of the residents here claim that the burning of leaves in the streets all over the city has something to do with the spread of diphtheria. At times the air is stifling from the smoke sent up from these bonfires. It is one way of getting rid of the leaves, but many think it would be better to have them hauled away.

NEW TWELVE-INCH NAVAL GUN.

Tests Demonstrate That It is the Most Powerful of Its Type.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The tests of the new twelve-inch gun have resulted in some remarkable performances, entitling the gun to rank ahead of any of the twelve-inch guns thus far made in this country or abroad.

With a charge of 360 pounds of smokeless powder, giving a pressure of sixteen and a half tons per square inch, the gun gave a muzzle velocity of 2854 feet. Professor Alger, the naval expert, says this is the highest ever attained by a twelve-inch gun, the record thus far ranging from 2500 to 2600 feet.

With an 850-pound steel-tipped projectile the big gun would pierce any armor ever made. It is the first of forty guns which will go on the new battleships and armored cruisers.

PREACHER ACCUSED OF MURDER

Former Wyoming, Penn., Pastor Charged With Poisoning His Wife.

Wilkesbarre, Penn. (Special).—A warrant was issued by Squire Hess, of Wyoming, near here, for the arrest of the Rev. D. E. Stuart, former pastor of Wyoming Baptist Church, charging him with murder in causing the sudden death of his wife two weeks ago at the home of her daughter in Plymouth. The couple had been married but three months.

At the time the woman died it was thought she had committed suicide, as an empty carbolic acid bottle was found near the body. Suspicious circumstances have developed in the last few days, and the body was exhumed. An autopsy was held. The Rev. Stuart recently resigned his pastorate.

To Depopulate the Transvaal.

The Natal Mercury reports that General Kitchener has decided to "depopulate the towns in the Transvaal, owing to the difficulty of dealing with the republicans when hampered by the civilian population."

The Population of Hawaii.

The population of Hawaii, as announced by the Census Bureau, at Washington, is 154,001, as against 109,020 in 1896. This is an increase of 44,981, or 41.2 per cent.

Cycling Notes.

Cycle riding is increasing in popular favor in France.

The number of wheels taxed in France has shown a steady increase since 1894.

In the West there probably will be fifty new cycle tracks in operation next season.

Out of his large winnings Jimmy Michael has placed away a snug sum in case of a rainy day.

Cycle racing experts have predicted already that next year will be a phenomenal one for cycle racing.

WARSHIP SENT TO SMYRNA

The Kentucky Ordered to Turkish Waters to Enforce Claims.

United States Determined to Show the Porte That It Must Pay the Money —Bombardment Not Likely.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The first-class battleship Kentucky, now in Mediterranean waters, has been ordered to touch at Smyrna, Turkey, on her way to the Philippines.

The Kentucky has been in Mediterranean waters for some time, has made a stop at an Algerian port, and is now at Naples, Italy. She is going to Manila via the Suez Canal route, and is in command of Captain Colby M. Chester.

The Kentucky's presence in Turkish waters will coincide with renewed efforts on the part of the Administration to collect from the Turkish Government payment of the indemnity claimed by the United States for the destruction of missionary property in that country some years ago.

The Sultan of Turkey has made several promises that he would pay the indemnity. On three separate occasions he said personally to Oscar Straus, the American Minister at Constantinople, that payment would be forthcoming, but declined to set a date. When told that Mr. Straus had made a statement to that effect, the Sultan said that the American Minister had obtained an erroneous opinion of his expression of willingness to pay if it were determined that the Turkish Government was responsible for the destruction of American property in Armenia. He contended that Turkey's responsibility had never been proved. Later, however, the Sultan personally acknowledged to Lloyd C. Griscom, Charge d'Affaires at Constantinople, in Mr. Straus's absence, that his Government was liable for the outrages to Americans in Armenia and promised to pay the indemnity, but declined to set a date when payment would be made. Since then Mr. Griscom has made a practice of calling nearly every Saturday at the Sublime Porte and pressing the claim, always receiving the most cordial assurances that the Sultan's promise would be fulfilled. Beyond directing Mr. Griscom to continue this pressure the Government has taken no action of a diplomatic nature.

POLITICAL NOTES

The Socialists fell far below their expected vote in New York County, N. Y., in the election.

The citizens of Cleveland, Ohio, voted by a large majority, at the recent election, in favor of the use of voting-machines.

The voters of Rhode Island authorized at the recent election a new loan for the completion of the State Capitol at Providence. It is to cost $3,000,000.

Alabama and Kentucky inaugurate their Governors in December, Georgia in November, Louisiana in April, Rhode Island in May and Vermont in October.

The term of the Governor of New York expires officially on December 31, and from January 1 to March 1, 1901, Theodore Roosevelt will be a private citizen.

The Republicans have a two-thirds majority in the New York State Senate this year. The next election for State Senators will be in 1902, when a Governor is again voted for.

The Vermont Legislature has passed a bill to permit the members to vote in the Capitol, and then made its signing by the Governor unnecessary by adjourning over election day.

The great element of strength to the Socialist party hitherto has been what its followers call their "solidarity," but since the Socialist party split into two factions warring with each other, its growth in voting strength has ceased.

The voters of Rhode Island adopted in the recent election an amendment to the Constitution of the State making hereafter Providence the exclusive capital. The voters of Florida at the same time defeated the proposition to remove the State Capitol from Tallahassee.

There is some probability that an effort will be made in the next Congress, Republican in both branches, to restrict the representation, under the next apportionment, allotted to those States which have by Constitutional amendment or otherwise disfranchised a material number of their voters.

NEW FIND OF GALVESTON'S DEAD

More Than 100 Bodies Have Been Discovered in a Swamp.

Galveston, Tex. (Special).—The United States surveying corps have found over 100 dead bodies in a swamp just west of the city on the island where they had been deposited by the storm of September 8.

The unburied dead were in an out of the way place near the country road, and had not been discovered by the burying parties sent out after the storm.

Murdered by His Son-in-Law.

At Herdmont, Ga., W. F. Mattox was shot and killed by his son-in-law, J. B. Jones, Sr.

The Colorado Lynching Case.

No legal investigation is expected in the lynching of Preston Porter, Jr., colored, at Limon, Col., nothing of the body being left for an inquest, and public sentiment so strongly favoring the punishment meted out to the negro youth.

President's Opposition Prevents Action.

President McKinley is said to be opposed to the reduction of Southern representation in Congress, and on that account the question is not likely to be pressed at the coming session.

Attacking Filipinos Routed.

Two hundred bolomen, with fifty rifles, attacked Bugazon, Island of Panay, P. I. The Americans lost three men killed—Lieutenant H. M. Koontz, Sergeant Kitchen and Corporal Burns—all of Company F, Forty-fourth Infantry. The enemy lost 100 killed, twenty-one wounded and twenty prisoners.

Life Sentence For Prince Tuan.

An imperial decree deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chwang of rank, and orders them to be imprisoned for life, and Yu Hsien to be exiled to the farthest boundary of China

REDUCTION OF WAR TAX

Ways and Means Committee Decides on a Decrease of $30,000,000.

FOR AN ARMY OF 100,000 MEN

The Committee Hears a Good Financial Report From Secretary Gage—Plans For Bringing Home Volunteers From the Philippines Will Be Suspended Pending the Action of Congress.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Ways and Means Committee has decided on a reduction of about $30,000,000 in the war revenue taxes. A few days ago Secretary Gage expressed the opinion, after a meeting of the Cabinet, that a reduction of only about $15,000,000 should be made. Later the President expressed the intention of recommending a reduction of $20,000,000, but the announcement of the Ways and Means Committee shows that there is a tendency to indorse the views of Senator Aldrich and members of the Senate Finance Committee, calling for a sweeping reduction.

President McKinley's determination to ask Congress for an army of 100,000 men, increased naval expenditures and prospects of the passage of the Nicaraguan Canal, Ship Subsidy and Pacific Cable bills were taken into consideration by the Republican members of the House Committee on Ways and Means when they met to consider the problem of reducing the war revenue taxes.

Secretary Gage was before the committee, and presented the financial condition of the Government in rather better light than had been expected. He predicted that the surplus of receipts over expenditures for the present fiscal year would amount to about $80,000,000, this in spite of the fact that it is only a little more than $8,000,000 up to date. The heaviest receipts and the lightest expenditures usually fall within the latter half of the fiscal year.

All preparations for bringing home the volunteer troops now in the Philippines have been suspended pending the action of Congress with reference to the Army Reorganization bill. It is now almost certain that the work of transporting the volunteers back to the United States will not begin until about January 1.

Recent reports from the Philippines, including General MacArthur's declaration that he could not spare any of the military force now in the archipelago, has convinced the War Department authorities that there can be no material reduction of the troops in the Philippines for some time, and that every volunteer regiment will have to be replaced if returned to the United States. To do this will require the passage by Congress of a bill authorizing an army of about 100,000 men, and the present intention of the Secretary of War is to have presented to Congress as soon as possible a bill for the reorganization of the army. It is expected that by January 1 it will be apparent what Congress will do along the line, and the War Department officials can then plan for a general reorganization of the military force in the Philippines. Reports from recruiting officers in this country, however, show that there will be no trouble whatever to secure men to raise the regular army to 100,000 men.

PRESIDENT GILMAN RESIGNS.

Head of Johns Hopkins University Will Retire at Close of Scholastic Year.

Baltimore, Md. (Special).—President Daniel Coit Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, has notified the Board of Trustees of his intention to retire at the close of the present scholastic year, after a service of a quarter of a century.

PROFESSOR DANIEL COIT GILMAN.

Dr. Gilman in a letter to the trustees referred to his approaching seventieth birthday, and said he felt it was time for a younger man to take hold.

An unwritten law recognizes seventy years as the age limit for university presidents.

Rochester Girl Slain in the Street.

The body of Miss Theresa Keating, a respectable young woman, who lived with her two sisters at Rochester, N. Y., was found in a vacant lot near the New York Central Railroad tracks. The girl had been robbed of $30, assaulted and then choked to death. The police can find no clue to the murderers.

"Conscience" Payment to Uncle Sam.

Treasurer Roberts, at Washington, has received a "conscience deposit" of $200 from Boston, Mass. The letter accompanying the money stated that it was due on account of internal revenue.

New Trial For Dr. Kennedy.

Because of errors at his trial the Court of Appeals at Albany, N. Y., has granted a new trial to Dr. Kennedy, the dentist who was convicted of the murder of "Dolly" Reynolds at the Grand Hotel, New York City.

Price of Coal Goes Up.

Most of the retail coal dealers in New York City met and agreed to raise the price of household sizes of hard coal fifty cents a ton. The price is to go into effect immediately. The increase applies only to white ash, stove, egg and nut coal, which will be $6 a ton.

A Whaling Bark's $23,000 Cargo.

The whaling bark Alice Knowles arrived at San Francisco, Cal., from Ohkotsk Sea with 1500 barrels of oil worth $18,000 and 1000 pounds of bone valued at $5000.

MURDERED A BRIDAL PAIR

A Plea For the Commutation of an Indian's Death Sentence.

When Converted by Salvationists He Voluntarily Confessed — Then Submitted to the Hands of the Law.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Attorney-General has recommended to the President that the sentence of death passed upon James Hansen be commuted to imprisonment for life. Hansen is an Alaskan Indian who, a year ago, with ten Indian companions, murdered Burt Horton and Florence Horton, a young bride and bridegroom, who were on a vacation trip near Skagway, Alaska. In the beginning of his plea for a commutation of sentence Attorney-General Griggs says:

"The circumstances of this case are most extraordinary, and deserve a special chapter in the annals of remarkable crimes. It is a case where the prisoner, having conceived and executed a brutal and savage murder on peaceable and inoffensive people, without detection or probability of detection or accusation, months after the offence voluntarily, by his own confession and admission of the facts, submitted himself to the judge of the court and to sentence of death."

Jim Hansen was afterward converted in the Salvation Army at Skagway. He had borne a reputation as one of the wickedest Indians in all Alaska, but his whole nature seemed completely changed after his repentance. Jim went to the leader of the Salvationists, Captain McGill, and made a complete confession of the murder he had committed. The Salvation Army leader advised the Indian to go to the United States authorities and give himself up. Without a moment's hesitation the Indian did so.

He told the officers in minute detail of how he had formed a band of ten Indians to murder the two campers, Burt and Florence Horton. He gave the names of all implicated in the crime, and with him they were arrested. A trip was made by officers to the scene of the murder, and there, under direction of the repentant Indian, they found the bodies of the victims buried beneath nine feet of snow.

At the trial the other Indians made a desperate legal fight for liberty, and it is said, perjured themselves time after time. Hansen, however, stood fast by his confession. He admitted having led in the murder, and told of how the others had acted under his direction. He was found guilty, and when asked why sentence should not be passed, he bravely told the trial judge: "My brother, I have done my duty; now you do yours." Accordingly, he was sentenced to be hanged. His confederates received sentences varying from twenty-five to fifty years.

In closing his recommendation for a commutation, the Attorney-General says: "Hansen was an unenlightened, uncristianized savage. As soon as his conscience had been enlightened by the teachings of a religious society, with a rare devotion to the standard of duty raised up in his heart, he made immediate disclosure and confession of his crime and submitted himself to the hands of the law. This case is one of exceptional circumstance. I think his sentence can wisely be commuted to imprisonment for life and I recommend that that action be taken."

THE PATERSON MURDER CASE.

Trial of the Four Accused Men to Begin on January 14.

Paterson, N. J. (Special).—Walter McAllister, Andrew Campbell, William Death, and George Kerr, the men who were indicted for the murder of Jennie Bosscheiter, were arraigned before Supreme Court Judge Dixon in the Passaic County Court House.

Long before the prisoners appeared the courtroom was crowded, and many were unable to gain admittance. There was also a crowd at the entrance to the jail.

The prisoners took the seats reserved for them, and behind them sat their lawyers—Michael Dunn for Campbell and Death, Francis Scott for McAllister, and James W. Harding for Kerr. Former Judge John F. Kerr, brother of one of the accused, will also assist in the defense. The prisoners all pleaded not guilty to both indictments, one of which charged them with murder and the other with criminal assault.

Judge Dixon fixed January 14 as the day on which the accused are to be tried. The accused men were then taken back to jail.

COST IN LIVES OF FISHERIES.

Gloucester Lost This Year Only Six Vessels and Thirty-one Men.

Gloucester, Mass. (Special).—Gloucester has reckoned up for the year the cost in loss of life and property of its fishing industry. The season in respect both to losses of life and property has been practically the best in twenty-five years. Although there have been two years when the property loss was slightly less, yet in those years the loss of life was considerably larger.

The total number of vessels lost during the year was six, aggregating 599.60 tons, having a valuation of $29,000, upon which there was an insurance of $26,075. The number of lives lost in the fisheries and incidental work was thirty-one, of whom eight were married, leaving eighteen fatherless children. The average number of lives lost per year for the past twenty-five years has been ninety-seven.

Immigration of Finns Ceases.

The exodus of Finns from the Viborg district of Russia to the United States has ceased.

Apaches Attack Mormons.

A band of raiding Apache Indians from San Carlos Reservation, Arizona, attacked the town of Pecheco, Mexico. In the fight which followed twelve Indians were killed and six Mormons wounded. Troops were ordered from Casa Grande and Juarez to pursue the Apaches.

Young Women Students' Narrow Escape.

Fire destroyed the Virginia College for Young Women, at Roanoke, Va., causing the loss of $75,000, the 150 students escaping in their night robes.

Woman Insured For $250,000.

Mrs. Florence Pullman Lowden, of Chicago, by policies recently placed, announcement of which has just been made, is insured for $250,000, the heaviest insurance ever carried by a woman. Mrs. Lowden is one of the two daughters of the late George M. Pullman. She has been a beneficiary under his will to the amount of $1,500,000.

Threw Hatchet at the Kaiser.

A supposedly insane woman hurled a hatchet at Emperor William at Breslau, Germany. The Kaiser was not injured.

TORNADO IN TENNESSEE

Most Destructive Storm in Its History Sweeps the State.

GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

Scores of Lives Are Lost and Many Are Injured—Hundreds Are Made Homeless—Tornado Entered Tennessee From Northern Mississippi Leaving a Trail of Death and Destruction in Its Wake.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—Tennessee was swept by the most destructive storm ever known in the State. More than fifty persons were killed and a hundred more injured, while the damage to houses, timber and other property will reach large figures.

The storm entered the State from Northern Mississippi and swept across in a northeasterly direction. Great damage is reported from the counties bordering on Mississippi and, further on, Columbia, in Maury County, is the heaviest sufferer. Lavergne, Nolensville and Gallatin also felt the wind's force, the storm finally losing its force against the Cumberland Mountain range.

At Lavergne, sixteen miles south of here, the velocity of the wind was marvellous, and from best reports lasted only about twenty seconds. In this short time about thirty-five dwellings were turned into kindling wood. Two lives were lost.

Many lives were lost at and near Lagrange, Tenn., forty-nine miles east of Memphis. Property damage there amounts to nearly $80,000. The streets are littered with the debris of destroyed buildings, merchandise, telegraph and telephone wires and poles.

The loss of life was greatest in the vicinity of Columbia, where the number probably will exceed thirty-five. Most of the dead are negroes, about twelve or fourteen only being white. Immense damage was done to farms, and hundreds of head of live stock were killed. Considerable damage resulted at Martin's Mill and at Indian Creek.

In Williamson County great damage was done, but the town of Franklin escaped with comparatively small loss. Houses and timber in Sumner County also suffered considerably.

The number of houses destroyed in the Nolensville neighborhood is sixteen. There were two fatalities there.

Lumber firms whose mills are located on Wolf River, the northern boundary of the city, suffered damage estimated at more than $200,000 by the overflowing of Wolf River during the night.

Hundreds of cabins on plantations near Lula, Miss., were demolished and four negroes were killed. Near Tunica five negroes were killed in the collapse of their cabin. A white man and a negro were killed six miles south of Hernando, Miss. Many plantation houses, a cotton gin and a church were destroyed.

At Love's Station, Miss., a dozen residences and churches were wrecked, but no one was killed; only one person was fatally injured.

Twenty houses at Dallas, Ala., near Huntsville, were demolished, but no lives were lost. At Boxley's a storehouse was destroyed and three negroes were killed.

Gale in New York State.

Buffalo, N. Y. (Special).—The wind blew at the rate of sixty-five miles an hour. At the Pan-American grounds the building for the cyclorama of Missionary Ridge was blown down and another Midway building was seriously injured.

North Tonawanda, N. Y. (Special).—A hurricane wind rushed through this section at eighty miles an hour. Over $200,000 damage has been done.

Lyons, N. Y. (Special).—A terrific wind storm swept over the surrounding country. Orchards were upturned and buildings unroofed and blown down.

Schooner Wrecked In Lake Erie.

Lorain, Ohio (Special).—The schooner St. Lawrence, bound from Kelly's Island to Cleveland, with a cargo of limestone, went ashore near here during a heavy gale. All on board were rescued.

One Man Killed In Paterson.

Paterson, N. J. (Special).—One man was killed and five were seriously injured by being buried under the wreck of five half built ice-houses which were blown down by the high wind. James Speer was killed outright.

IN FAVOR OF ICE COMBINE.

Appellate Divison of the Supreme Court Says Testimony is Not Compulsory.

Albany, N. Y. (Special).—The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decided to grant the writs asked for by President C. W. Morse, of the American Ice Company, and the Attorney-General is restrained from compelling the directors and officers to appear before the referee appointed to take testimony as to an alleged combine.

It is not thought any appeal will be made unless certification therefore is made by the Appellate Division. The appointment of Referee Nusbaum is vacated by this decision.

Attorney-General Davies will take an appeal. Under the decision the combine cannot be proceeded against or its officers prosecuted.

Census of Two States.

The Census Bureau at Washington announced the population of Rhode Island as 428,556, as against 345,506 in 1890. This is an increase of 83,500, or twenty-four per cent. The population of Illinois is 4,821,550, as against 3,826,351 in 1890, an increase of 995,199, or twenty-six per cent.

Broker Fails For $1,000,000.

Francis D. Carley, a broker, of New York City, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $1,000,000 and no assets.

Wants Rural Free Delivery Extended.

An enthusiastic plea for a wide expansion of rural free delivery is made in the annual report of W. M. Johnson, First Assistant Postmaster-General, at Washington. He says that the extraordinary development of this system during the past twelve months is conclusive as showing that hereafter it must be a permanent and expanding feature of the postal administration.

Fossil Remains Found in Missouri.

Fossil remains or men and animals of enormous size have been found at Montesano, Mo

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Fat Man Wanted a Correction.

"That was a fine report you had of the explosion," puffed the fat man, who did not know there was an elevator in the building and climbed three flights of stairs to the editor's office, "a fine report, I must say." And sarcasm fairly rang in his tones. "Did you know that it was my furnace that blew up, that I stand the loss, that but for me you wouldn't have the item?"

"If you are D. J. Jones, we did."

"I am D. Jacobus Jones. You didn't even spell out my middle name. You'd think that my wife and hired girl were the whole thing the way you wrote it up."

"The girl was terribly burned, and your wife was badly hurt while saving the girl. You don't appear to have had any hand in the matter."

"Didn't, hey? Did you notice how slowly I sat down when I came in here? Did you hear me stifle a groan? I'm sore as a felon from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot. That's what I am. But there's not a word about that."

"Were you in the explosion?"

"No. Wish I had been. When I heard the report, I knew some one must be hurt. I fell down stairs. I ran five blocks for a doctor. When I got home, I was so exhausted that I had to retire, and this morning I had to roll out of bed on a chair to get up. It wasn't my fault that the doctor was out or that an ambulance was at the house when I got back. You can say that I showed great presence of mind and got out and humped myself or stop my paper. Good day!"—Detroit Free Press.

Questions for Women

Are you nervous?
Are you completely exhausted?
Do you suffer every month?
If you answer "yes" to any of these questions, you have ills which Wine of Cardui cures. Do you appreciate what perfect health would be to you? After taking Wine of Cardui, thousands like you have realized it. Nervous strain, loss of sleep, cold or indigestion starts menstrual disorders that are not noticeable at first, but day by day steadily grow into trouble some complications. Wine of Cardui, used just before the menstrual period, will keep the female system in perfect condition. This medicine is taken quietly at home. There is nothing like it to help women enjoy good health. It costs only $1 to test this remedy, which is endorsed by 1,000,000 cured women.

Mrs. Lena T. Fricburg, East St. Louis, Ill., says: "I am physically a new woman, by reason of my use of Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black Draught."

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought. Chas. H. Fletcher.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Sept. 24th 1900.

TRAIN SERVICE

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Elizabeth City daily (except Sunday) 2.15, p. m.
Arrival Norfolk " " 4.25, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 9.30, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " 11.00, a. m.

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday) 11.40, a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " " 12.40, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " " 3.20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday 6.00, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " " 8.05, p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday) 12.40 p. m. for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12.45, p. m., for Cherry River Landings and Friday for Soppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City daily for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6.00, p. m., connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad and the W. & W. Railroad for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. For Soppernong River Monday and Wednesday 12.00, noon, and Friday 12.30, p. m., for Pasquotank River Landings. Steamers leave Belhaven daily except Sunday for Washington, N. C., and Tuesday, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

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The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor.
ROBERT P. JENKINS, Associate Editor.

THE CONDITIONS THAT ARE.

The recent national election has given more than usual prominence to one political fact which has been more or less realized and relied upon by every presidential manager for the last half century. With varying platforms and changing issues the South has still been true to its political first-love and has remained almost solidly Democratic. For good reasons or for bad it has never swerved from its political fealty. In times of Democratic success its brothers of the North and West have reaped the fruits of the common victory. In its hours of defeat, and they were many and continued, it could ask with but a sorry grace for special privileges, preferment or recognition from the victorious opposition. It can be thus seen that wherever victory might perch the South was ever on the losing side. We note signs, gleaned from the southern press, that she is beginning to weary of this entrancing game of "heads you win and tails I lose." It is only natural that it should be so. The last election has strongly pointed out to her her anomalous position and has emphasized her political isolation. The fact that of the fifteen States carried by Mr. Bryan all but three were in the south presents a peculiar political condition. Does it represent a principle or a sentiment? We quote from leading editorials bearing upon this subject as viewed through the eyes of the Northern Democratic, Southern Democratic, Republican and Independent press, respectively. The views and opinions there expressed relative to the causes, results and expediency of this continued geographical party unity in the south is most interesting. We leave the reader to his own judgment.

Says a Northern Democratic organ, the Hartford Times:

"Because the election of Bryan would give them fewer Negro postmasters than the election of McKinley, the thirteen southern states voted for Bryan."

A southern Democratic journal, the Savannah News, furnishes the following thought-making suggestion:

"Since the war of secession the south has been altogether too willing to follow the lead of the Northern Democracy. Her public men should be more independent. There were abler statesmen in the south prior to the war of secession than in any other part of the country, and there are men in the south now who are better fitted to lead the Democratic party than those who have been directing its fortunes in recent years."

Says the Baltimore American, voicing the sentiment of some of its more northern contemporaries:

"The south is having a new and golden era of prosperity. It needs a new era of politics. It needs a rearrangement of the old party lines. A full generation has passed since these lines were laid, and the first causes for them have nearly all disappeared."

The Washington Post, which lays claim to independence in politics, thus expresses itself:

"Nobody can possibly have at heart the welfare of the south more truly than the Post has. We regard it with more genuine sympathy than any other section of the country. But it seems to us that people who vote against the Republican party, which enriches and protects them, have little claim upon that party's recognition. Men can not afford to sacrifice their real interests to an unprofitable sentiment. They ought to be one thing or the other. If Republican policies menace them, they owe to themselves to assume a logical attitude in party controversy. They can not with propriety vote against the Republican ticket and then ask a Republican administration to hasten to their rescue."

Here, O reader, is an interesting symposium of sentiment, the representative expression of representative men upon the political outlook. As such it is of interest, both to the student and the layman. The question arises, has the South, politically, come to the parting of the ways? Is the growth of southern commercial and manufacturing interests prophetic of a change in party affiliations as well as in party creeds?

President Kruger, the refugee, is receiving an enthusiastic welcome in France. He is dear to the French heart, not so much because of himself or his cause, but for the enemies he has made. His arrival at Marseilles offered another opportunity for an anti-English demonstration.

The strike of the cotton employes, union men, at Alamance, seems to have gone to pieces for want of backbone. The mill owners were too many for the strikers and the wolf was at the door.

Six thousand enthusiasts saw the orange and blue of Virginia triumph over the white and blue of Carolina on the Norfolk gridiron Saturday. It was a great contest, even if we were the little enders.

With commerce increasing, labor employed and orders from the world's market still growing, Uncle Sam can well keep Thanksgiving with a reverent heart.

Political Department.

[This Department will be devoted to Local, State and National politics by the EDITOR.]

Prosperity does not come by chance.

The general opinion is that the stamp tax should be the first to be repealed

Under the popular view of political economy, election roosters ought to be exempt from Thanksgiving service.

David B. Hill must have strained his voice during the last stage of the campaign. He has had nothing to say about the result.

Government does not give employment to labor, but wise government creates the conditions under which industrial activity employs labor.

In 1900, as in 1896, the people of the United States have said in unmistakable terms that, of the two, they prefer "open mills" to "open mints."

All the nations of the earth have increased confidence in the financial sanity of this country since the recent election, and general business reflects the feeling.

History is full of examples of earth's fairest regions nourishing only poverty, misery and degradation, because of the folly and incompetency, or corruption of government.

The New York Herald declares that, "on the whole, it was the cleanest election and also the cleanest sweep that we remember to have experienced in twenty years.

The Republican party has no apologies to offer. It is the party of progress. For forty years it has accomplished every great national achievement. It is constructive.

The New Orleans Picayune remarks that "there is a considerable disposition among young men in the South to act with the Republican party." It is clear from the extreme light vote in many southern states that many of the older men feel much the same way.

The CAROLINIAN'S exchanges from all parts of the country contain reports of big contracts awarded or the beginning of large enterprises which were held up to await the result of the Presidential election. The re-election of President McKinley marks the beginning of a new era of prosperity as distinctly as his first election did.

It is not "Lluck," as some allege, which has sustained the present party in power. It is the same kind of luck which builds a successful business institution. For, after all, the United States Government is nothing more nor less than a gigantic business institution, the largest in the world, and when it is ruled by correct governing principles all have confidence in in it and business is good.

THE PRESIDENTIAL VOTE OF THE DISTRICT.

The following is the vote of this Congressional District for President:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Beaufort,	1,780	2,316
Camden,	539	498
Carteret,	767	1,046
Chowan,	932	898
Currituck,	435	921
Dare,	379	434
Gates,	564	1,125
Hertford,	732	1,337
Hyde,	798	867
Martin,	1,088	1,819
Pamlico,	729	597
Pasquotank,	1,282	1,196
Perquimans,	846	830
Pitt,	2,156	3,264
Tyrrell,	419	443
Washington,	784	834

Bryan's majority is about 3,000. In 1896 it was a little over 10,000. A great falling off.

The Presidential vote of the State was 157,738 for Bryan; 133,080 for McKinley; 737 for Barker, the Middle-of-the-Road Populist and 991 for Woolley, Prohibitionist.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23, 1900.

President McKinley has completed the first draft of his annual message to Congress and has read it to the Cabinet. It will not be put into type until next week. In fact, it will not be ready for the printer before then, as the President is very particular about carefully revising the phraseology of his messages.

Matters in China are not progressing to suit the President. It looks as though the Anglo-German agreement had more in it than appeared on the surface, and that there was danger of its being operated to injure American commercial interests in China. This is only a surmise as yet. The apparent trouble is the failure of the powers to agree upon the demands to be made upon the goverment of China. Minister Conger has been instructed to make plain the opposition of this goverment to any impossible demands upon China and as was done once before to hint to the powers that the U. S. will act alone in dealing with China if the actions of the other powers make it necessary to protect American interests.

In answer to the sensational stories about the volunteers being compelled to remain in the Phillipines for an indetinine period, Adjutant General Corbin authorizes the positive statement of the intention of the War Department to bring every one of the volunteers, who cares to come, back to the U. S. in time to muster them out of service on or before the first of next July, when their term of enlistment will expire. This is official and should put an end to the stories, but, of course, it will not. As long as there is a demand for misstatements they will be made.

As the recommendation in the President's message as to reduction of some of the internal revenue taxes imposed on account of the war with Spain and consequent expenditures will necessarily be based upon Secretary Gage's report, it is very safe to say that the statement made by Secretary Gage to the House Ways and Means Committee, now holding daily sessions to prepare a bill, came very near to foreshadowing what the President will say in his message on the subject. Secretary Gage, assisted by Internal Revenue Commissioner Wilson, went carefully over the schedules of the las providing for the war taxes, and gave the committee their ideas of what reductions could best be made, and answered a number of questions. In his statement to the committee Secretary Gage said he thought that $30,000,000 of the $100,000,000 a year produced by this law, or nearly one third, could be dispensed with without embarrassment to the government.

A Singular Ailment.

One of the leading alienists of Chicago, with a practice of 30 years behind him, had an experience not long ago that was entirely new to him.

It was near his hour for starting to his lecture class in a West Side school. Three women were in the waiting room. Two of them were willing to make an appointment for the next day. The third one, a stranger, would hear to no delay, and the doctor's assistant showed her in.

"I had my hat in my hand," said the doctor, "and she had been told that I was in a hurry. She came across the room in a most leisurely fashion, however, taking three times as much time as the ordinary person would. She was chewing an unusual wad of gum—a whole package, I should say—and she was chewing it with desperate vigor.

"She sat down slowly, and I asked her a question. She looked straight at me and went on chewing. I spoke again and again, but she sat looking at me and chewing in as much silence as was possible under the circumstances. Finally I said to her:

"'Madam, will you kindly stop chewing long enough to answer my questions?'

"Then she burst out, sobbing:"

"'That's just what I'm here for—I can't stop—I've got to chew—and I've been chewing just this way for more than two years.'"—Chicago Tribune.

Wheeler's Bravery.

Wheeler's charge at the battle of Shiloh was said by General Grant to be one of the most splendid exhibitions of human bravery he had ever witnessed, and a feat which roused admiration among both armies was when the intrepid little general accomplished the destruction of Rosecrans' provision train after the battle of Chickamauga.

On Dec. 30, 1863, General Wheeler attempted and successfully carried out one of the most daring, perilous and important duties ever assigned a cavalry commander. He crossed the Tennessee river in the face of a division of cavalry under General George Crook, drove back and worsted the troops that guarded the Federal trains of 600 mules and 1,000 wagons and captured the whole, with 1,500 prisoners.

While he was thus engaged Rosecrans' cavalry, 8,000 strong, swept down upon the Georgians. The latter charged and repulsed the northerners, capturing the forts at McMinnville, Tenn., with 600 prisoners and great stores; capturing the forts and destroying the bridges near Murfreesboro, and then, as full of fight as at the beginning of the engagement, they turned and put to rout General Hooker and the Eleventh and Twelfth corps that came riding down at the moment to reenforce the Yankees.—Chicago Journal.

The History of a Book.

Following is the story of the first edition of Fitzgerald's celebrated translation of "Omar Khayyam." The book was issued anonymously and found no buyers. Accordingly the author went to Bernard Quaritch's shop, dropped a heavy parcel of 200 copies of the "Rubaiyat" and said, "Quaritch, I make you a present of these books."

The famous bookseller offered them first at half a crown, then at a shilling and, again descending, at sixpence, but no buyers came. In despair, he reduced the book to a penny and put copies into a box outside his door, with a ticket, "All these at one penny each." At that price the pamphlet moved, in a few weeks the lot was sold, and in this way one of the finest gems of English literature was dispersed among a not overdiscerning public.

The legend has it that Dante Gabriel Rossetti, Swinburne and Burton were among those who discovered the "hidden treasure in the penny box." Years passed, and the once despised volume rose in the market, and in 1898 Quaritch bought in for £21 a copy which 40 years before he had sold for a penny.

Bedlam.

The word "bedlam" is a corruption of the word "Bethlehem" and originated as a synonym for chaos at the time when the house of Bethlehem, occupied by a sisterhood of London, became an insane asylum. The treatment of the insane in the early part of the sixteenth century was not well understood, and, according to the theories then prevalent, it was necessary to frighten the patient out of his lunacy. All sorts of awful expedients were resorted to, among them "surprise floors," which slipped from under the feet; "surprise baths" and floggings at the periods of most severe illness; hence the name "bedlam," the result of incorrect spelling, possibly, came easily to stand for awful things.

Poor Mr. McElroy.

Mrs. McElroy—Where is Mr. McElroy?

Junior Partner—Gone out to get a new ribbon for the typewriter.

Mrs. McElroy (glaring at the blond girl at the little side desk)—He has, has he? Well, Mr. McElroy will just buy some ribbons and other things for his wife and daughters. That person is all fluffed up with ribbons now.—Denver News.

For Exchange

Excellent dwelling, 6 roomed residence, all papered and painted, large cellar, on lot 50 bp 100, in Manchester, N. H., city of 50,000 inhabitants, near manufacturing center. in exchange for house and lot in Elizabeth City. Address R. P. Jenkins. Carolinian Bldg. Elizabeth City, N. C.

FREE BLOOD AND SKIN CURE.

An Offer Proving Faith.

Ulcers, Eating Sores, Cancer, Scrofula, Itching Skin, Scabs and Scales of Eczema, Aches and Pains on bones, back or joint, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rotten Gums and Chronic Rheumatism, and all obstinate, deep-seated blood troubles are quickly cured by taking a few large bottles of Botanic Blood Balm. We challenge the world for a case of blood disease that Botanic Blood Balm will not cure. The cures are permanent and not a patching up. Is your blood thin? skin pale? all run down? as tired in the morning as when you went to bed? catarrh? putrid breath? eruptions sores in mouth or throat? If so, your blood is bad. Blood Balm will make the blood pure and rich, heal every sore; stops the aches and pains, build up the broken down body and invigorates the old and weak. Botanic Blood Balm, the only perfect blood purifier made. Sold at drug stores; $1 per large bottle, including complete directions. To prove our faith in Blood Balm a trial bottle given away to sufferers. For free trial bottle, address Blood Bam Co., Atlanta, Ga. Don't hesitate, but write at once describing trouble and free personal advice given. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Over 3000 voluntary testimonials of cures by using B. B. B.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

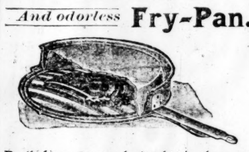
Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

USE THE

"Monarch" Broiler

And odorless **Fry-Pan.**



Broiled meats are admitted to be the most palatable and nourishing.

The "Monarch"

broils quickly without checking the fire and saves the juices of the meat. The odorless pan made in one piece of Swedish steel is light, durable, and heats evenly and quickly. Send for descriptive circular of this and other lines of goods.

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ONLY WHITE TAR SOAP IN THE WORLD.

Whitar Soap is a luxurious and purified toilet soap and superior to the old black tar soaps in every way.

It contains all the healing and antiseptic properties of the black tar soaps, with entire freedom from their objectionable features.

It soils neither towel nor wash bowl, for its lather is snow-white.

It lathers in **Hard** or soft water far more freely than other tar soaps, and, being 100 per cent. pure, outlasts any of "the filled" soaps of equal size.

It contains much more glycerine than other soaps, and this together with its soft thick lather make it a king among shampoo soaps. In the treatment of skin, scalp and hair diseases, scaly, crusted cases of dandruff, scald head, falling hair, etc., Whitar is highly recommended.

Physicians recommend it for babies' baths, and for cases of chafe or heat rash, the soap is peculiarly efficacious.

Ask your dealer for it.

MANUFACTURED BY

CLINTON SOAP CO.,

CLINTON, IOWA.

TYROSA for SOUPS

Soup stock prepared in the form of Dry Flour, thoroughly cooked and ready for immediate use.

Makes a Delicious Soup in Ten Minutes

All flavors retained

No Nutriment is lost.

Indigestible parts of the food removed.

TYROSA is Pure Food and all Food.

A 10 cent package makes six quarts of soup. Three varieties, Pea, Bean, Vegetable Turtle.

For sale by grocers.

PREPARED BY

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CURES THE

TOBACCO HABIT.

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M. L. SANDERLIN, Gen'l Man'g'r.

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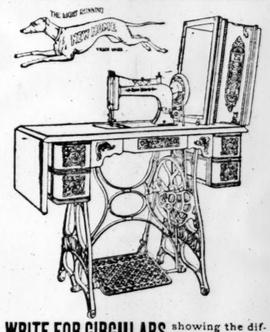

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28 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE BY

Among the Poultry.

"Good morning. How do you do this morning?" said the duck, meeting the hen.

"None of your business," replied the hen. "You are no doctor."

"Quack!" squawked the duck angrily.

"That's what I said," cackled the hen.—Detroit Free Press.

Each day in the year the owners of slot machines in New York city purchase 1,000 pounds of chocolate with which to fill the machines.

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NEW-YORK TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Published Monday, Wednesday and Friday, is in reality a fifth, fresh, every-other-day Daily, giving the latest news on days of issue, and covering news of the other three. It contains all important foreign cable news which appears in THE DAILY TRIBUNE of same date, also Domestic and Foreign Correspondence, Short Stories, Elegant Half-Tone Illustrations, Humorous Items, Industrial information, Fashion Notes, Agricultural Matters and Comprehensive and Reliable Financial and Market reports.

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Published on Thursday and nearly sixty years in every part of the United States as a National Family Newspaper of the highest class, for farmers and villagers. It contains all the most important and generous of THE DAILY TRIBUNE, up to hour of going to press, an Agricultural Department of the highest order, has entertaining reading for every member of the family, old and young. Market Reports which are accepted as authority by farmers and country merchants, and is clean, up-to-date, interesting and instructive.

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All the luxuries of a HOT SPRINGS in your own HOME. A HEALTH and PLEASURE. They are RESTFUL and REFRESHING. GIVES POWER TO [illegible] new and improved THERMAL BATH CABINETS are AUTOMATIC [illegible] structed, so that you can supply yourself with genuine water and steam WITHOUT AN ASSISTANT. Our Cabinet Baths produce perfect health, CLEANLINESS, VIGOR and BEAUTY. Will cure RHEUMATISM, LA GRIPPE, Colds, LaGrippe and Malaria. PHYSICIANS recommended them in WOMAN'S TROUBLE, Blood and Skin Diseases. Thermal Baths purify the blood and through the entire system by opening the SEVERAL MILLIONS OF PORES of the SKIN and expelling from the system by profuse PERSPIRATION, ALL THE IMPURE SALTS, ACIDS, AND POISONOUS MATTER which, if retained, causes disease, sickness and premature death. PRICES $6.50 to $16.00. Write for our Catalogue before buying a Bath Cabinet. We want enterprising MEN and WOMEN to represent us. TERRITORY. Exclusive territory given.

Standard Bath Cabinet Co., Toledo, Ohio.

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Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

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A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. 10c., a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

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A Handful

OF

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will not help your eyesight if you wear them all unless your vision has been properly fitted. Here is just where our skill comes to your aid. If we test your eyes you will be sure to get the right glasses and will have satisfaction in wearing them.

Eyes Examined Free.

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AND OPTICIANS.

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[illegible] Wilson; Aldermen, M. N. Sawyer, [illegible]; J. L. Sawyer, A. F. Ford, E. F. [illegible], Attorney and Legal Counsel, [illegible], Tax Collector, R. A. Commander, [illegible]; H. Forbes, Chief of Police, W. C. [illegible], A. C. Bell and H. G. Ives as Assistants; J. G. Leigh, Street Commissioner; [illegible] Fire Commissioners, Jas. Richardson; Lyndon Health Officer

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Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services [illegible] House, every Sunday morning and night, [illegible] Wednesday evening. W. L. Clayton, pastor [illegible] Z. B. Berry, pastor, Olive Branch [illegible] Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage [illegible] St. Stephen, W. Afterbridge paster, Au[illegible] Presbyterian, C. P. Smith, pastor

LODGES.

[illegible] Eureka Lodge No. 317 Dr. J. B. [illegible], W. M., Jno. A. L. Pendleton, S. W.; W. C. [illegible], W. C. Barnard, S. D.; W. M. Mann [illegible], F. Pearce, Treas.; J. A. Hooper Sec. [illegible], L. Pearce, Chaplain, Louis Selig and [illegible] Oakley, Tiler, Meets [illegible] and Tuesday nights.

[illegible] Fellows Advance Lodge No. 14, D. M. [illegible], N. G.; J. T. Simpson, V. G.; H. O. Hild, [illegible] Secretary; C. F. Black, Financial Secretary; [illegible]

[illegible] Encampment No. 8; N. Garrett, C. P.; [illegible], H. P.; E. E. Whitcomb, S. W.; [illegible], J. W.; H. O. Hild, Scribe; G. W. [illegible], Treasurer.

[illegible] Pasquotank Creek Council No. 1202, [illegible] H. A. Morgan, Vice Re[illegible]; [illegible], Counselor; [illegible], W. H. Zoellner, Secretary [illegible], Conn, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

[illegible] Knights of Honor, D. C. White, Dictator; J. H. [illegible], Vice Dictator; [illegible] Hall, Reporter; F. L. [illegible], Financial Reporter; [illegible] Wilson, Treasurer; [illegible] J. Tratton, Treasurer. Meets [illegible] and Thursday nights.

Pasquotank Lodge, No. 1, I. O. R. M.; A. C. Garrett Sachem; [illegible] Sr. Sagamore; F. G. [illegible], Jr. Sagamore; Wilbur [illegible], Prophet; W. Ferebee, Chief of Records; [illegible] White, K. of R. and S. Meets every Thursday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners—R. B. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Andrew Keeter, Standard Keeper; W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathaniel Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennette; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, Jas. Foster; Supervisor [illegible] Sheep; Board of Education: John D. Fulcher, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

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Atlantic Congregational Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest. Normal School, N. C. Gilbert, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

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Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

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Sample Rooms and Hacks Free.

F. A. WHITE, Proprietor.

Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N. C.

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N. G. GRANDY & CO.

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.

Agents for American Fertilizer Co's. HIGH CLASS

FERTILIZERS.

Buyers of Cotton Seed. Dealers in Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.

REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR SALE!

30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE

the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payments made easy

[illegible] to Women.

Especially valuable to women is Brown's Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Brown's Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, Nov. 29 1900.

THE FOOTBALLER.

Under the spreading bleacher's shade
The brawny half back stands,
A leathern harness on his head,
And blisters on his hands.
The lungs within his steel-ribbed chest
Can holler like twelve bands.

Week in, week out, from morn till night,
He bolts his Profs to go
And part the pigskin through the mud
And hear the trainers blow.
They fall on him when he's too swift
And kill him when he's slow

His hair is but a muddy mop;
A war map is his brow;
He feeds on oatmeal—uncooked chop.
He bones—no matter how.
Yet in this life hath he reward
Exceeding great, I trow.

High on the Club drag's topmost seat
A winsome figure stands;
She snubs the other men and, yet
His praise from all demands.
She screams the college yell and thrusts
Her roses in his hands.
—Katherine Brown in Truth.

THROUGH OUR SPECTACLES

The campaign is over, but the world, the flesh and the devil are still with us.

Nature has written a letter of credit on some men's faces which is honored wherever presented.

The man who doesn't support his home paper can lay little claim to public-spiritedness.

Extensive preparations are in progress in Raleigh for the seventieth annual convention of the Baptists of North Carolina. The date is December 5th and the meeting place is the First Baptist Church. The Baptist Young Pople's Union will meet at the same time. Seven hundred delegates are expected.

C. B. Bliven of Manteo, Dare county, contributed a pertinent letter to the Raleigh Post of the 25th, in which he discusses the recent Meekins-Alexander contest in this district and roasts the "Revenue Ringsters" to a beautiful brown. The letter is a "hummer" and contains strong medicine. Mr. Bliven is evidently no stranger to the pen and expresses himself in a fluent and logical style.

Says the Elizabeth City correspondent of the Raleigh Post, in his recent news letter to that paper:

"The friends of Mr. Isaac M. Meekins are highly pleased with the vote he received. It was a splendid one, considering the fact that all the revenue and post-office officials in his district were fighting him. It shows they claim that the people like the square thing and will not submissively do wrong even at the bidding of high officials or the musical chink of yellow gold.

Mr. Frank Gentleman, the manager of a New York business house which handles a newly invented household tool, ascribes the extraordinary success of his firm chiefly to the thorough advertising of the article. He says: "We did not attempt to sell or to send by traveling salesmen or agents until we had advertised extensively. It is our experience that all our ads bring some returns." What news-paper advertising does for one thing it will do for another article that is equally meritorious.—Ex.

There is quite a stir at Wilson because of the wholesale cutting down of elm trees, the principal trees in the place. The city authorities discovered that the sewer pipes, which are of clay, were being choked by the roots. The elms in the streets and yards are being destroyed. It is said that citizens who object to the cutting will bring suit against the city.

In the far dim and distant future when the much-talked-of waterworks system allows Betsy's children to be cleanly, we may have to face the same problem.

A handsome line of ladies' hosery in all the latest styles at Weisel's. Elegant underware suits from 25c up. Also the latest in gentlemen's neck wear.

From "The Hickory Ridge Missourian": Floored!

Knocked out in the second round!

McKinley and the dinner pail got there!

Gosh! Didn't they paste it to us everlastingly!

'Twasn't our fault, though. Hickory Ridge done noble.

Bryan said he was bound to win, and we bet on his judgment.

And it cost us the best squirrel dog in the whole State, by jacks!

As we go to press the news is that everything has gone Republican except h—ll and Texas.

For President in 1904, Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee. We've got to get back to the old landmarks or we're wiped out.

We acknowledge a serenade by the Republican Marching Club with a brass band last night. It was darned poor music, but we suppose it was the best they could do. Thanks.

We are in favor of reorganizing the Democratic party or abolishing the whole shooting match.

It's going to be a blamed long, cold winter for us this year. Wood, coal and corncobs wanted on subscription, and wanted right now!—Chicago Tribune.

Remember the Carolinian's job-department is to be relied upon for promptness, tasty workmanship and moderate prices.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:50 and will set to-night at 4:39.—The weather man affirms that we will have use for our overcoats during the coming week. He has not been especially happy in his predictions of late, but give him time.—Dr. Isaiah Fearing and bride have returned from their northern trip.—A number of our young people took in the foot-ball game at Norfolk last week, and returned to record only a sad tale of sore defeat. Virginia was too much for us.—We are pleased to note the steady improvement in health of Mr. L. E. Chapman, who has been ill at his home on Dyer St.—The schooner Morning Star, which was recently wrecked in the lower sound, is being repaired at Scott's Ways, and when rehabilitated will be utilized in the oyster trade at this port.—We hear of several conveyances of real estate during the week. The Hon. T. G. Skinner, of Hertford, purchased the Conroy Bush and Lippincot property in the 1st Ward, of Chas. Levis of Baltimore, for $8,000, also a 45 foot frontage lot on Poindexter St., from Mr. Wm. Pailin, for $100 a front foot.—Mr. J. E. McCabe has likewise disposed of his residence on upper Main St. to I. M. Meekins, Esq. Consideration $2,750. Mr. McCabe intends to rebuild on a new site.—Mr. C. D. Morris, of Edenton, was in our city during the week.—

November's like the summer girl—
Her frock which once was fair,
Is now, though still becoming,
Just a bit the worse for wear.

—Solicitor Ward is attending court at Washington.—Mr. John F. Engle, who has been quite ill at his residence on church St., from a fever contracted during a recent trip through the far-southern states, is, we are pleased to hear, rapidly improving.—The usual services at the various churches Sunday. The Baptist pulpit alone remaining vacant.—Mr. J. C. Meekins of Columbia, also Mr. D. O. Newberry, of the same place, were visitors in our city during the week.—Miss Lizzie Bateman of Edenton is the guest of Mrs. Mattie Leary on Fearing St.—We would call the attention of our City Fathers to the present *modus operandi* of our city's electric light system. We hear many expressions of dissatisfaction therewith. In truth the expressions are not without cause. On moonlight nights the street lights shine forth in all their brilliancy, but with the coming of a stormy or blustry evening they immediately proceed to go off duty and the unfortunate pedestrian finds himself compelled to grope his way homeward, as best he may, through Erebuan darkness. We simply cite last Sunday evening as a common instance. A pro rata deduction, for those nights during which we have no light service, from the contract price for city lighting due the company from the municipality, might work wonders. It's up to the powers that be.—Dr. L. S. Blades has returned from a northern business trip. He reports the lumber trade as very much up to the mark.—To all our readers we wish a Thanksgiving day that may be one in fact as well as name.—May the goose, or turkey not hang too high, but be within the easy reach of all, light-fingered gentry excepted. On this day of common festivity remember also the orphan's need, and contribute generously from your own largeness.—*In re* real estate we record, also, the purchase by I. M. Meekins, Esq., from McCabe & Grice of a lot on upper main St., for $1,750. For the last few months the boom in real estate in our city has been markedly emphasized by the number of transfers. We are sharing in the general tide of prosperity. May we all wax fat and prosper.—Hon. T. G. Skinner, of Hertford, is an active railroad agitator in these days. He is at present circulating a well-framed petition advocating strenuously the new Suffolk line. The subscribers thereto are supposed to make certain guarantees of payment; so much upon the survey of the road, so much upon the completion of the line, so much upon the opening of operations, and so on. To our mind the greatest assurance of success for this desirable enterprise is a stated cash subscription, representing a certain percentage of the construction cost, and a bond issue, secured by first mortgage upon the road and rolling stock. With the franchise in our possession the capital of one of the various enterprising construction companies of the North could easily be interested in this undertaking, and it would, under such auspices, be an assured success instead of a dream of possible realization. Capital, experience and enterprise are required. Still, however, we wish the present effort well though we are not over sanguine of its material results.—Dr. Paul Whitehead and wife of Virginia, were the guests of Mr. Chas. Robinson and family during the week.—The latest instance of the *rara avis* is thus recorded:

The people stare and congregate,
Too startled to applaud.
Here's one defeated candidate
Who doesn't hollow fraud.

—We understand that the property on the northwest corner of Main and Road Sts., opposite the Albemarle House, is to be soon improved by the erection of three modern dwellings. It will be a decided improvement to that already beautiful street.—The knitting mill in this city is to make an issue of $5,000 in bonds to defray the overestimated cost of construction. The mill is proving a decided financial success and these bonds offer the opportunity for an excellent investment.—We are informed that Rev. W. S. Penick, former pastor of the Baptist church, this city, has been called to occupy the pulpit of the First Baptist Church of Shrevesport, La., his former pastorate. A deserved compliment.—Mr. John Martin has accepted the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Chas. Wood at the 1st Nat. Bank and has entered upon his new duties.—We regret to hear of the serious illness of Mr. James Simons, one of the city's bright young men. It is an aggravated case of consumption.—The State Reformatory movement for the reclaimation of young criminals which has been widely agitated by the State press is receiving especial local emphasis from the noble and concerted action of the W. C. T. U. of this city. Sunday night at the M. E. Church the usual evening sermon was foregone in order to give an opportunity for the discussion and presentation of the objects of this movement. J. Bush Leigh, Esq., on behalf of the W. C. T. U. made an earnest little talk which was further eloquently supplemented by Dr. Paul Whitehead and the Rev. R. C. Beaman. The evil effect of association with hardened and irreclaimable criminals upon the formative character of the young offender, for the first time committed to prison walls, was strongly depicted. Interesting statistics, showing the beneficial effect of these reformatories, as now existing in many other states, were cited. A petition to the Legislature asking for an appropriation, estimated at about $20,000, for the establishment of such a State institution, was circulated among the congregation and was generally signed. The petition is still open for the general public.—In passing, we cannot but add a word appreciative of the excellent choir at the Methodist church. It is one which that congregation may well be proud of. The solo Sunday evening, rendered by Mrs. Leslie Windor, was especially sweet and melodious.—The Pasquotank Driving Association gave the lover of speedy horseflesh an opportunity to enjoy himself at the Park Tuesday afternoon. There were a number of entries. The horse owned by Mr. A. C. Stokes was the successful taker of the purse.—The Rev. J. J. Hall of Norfolk, delivered an interesting lecture illustrative of a continental tour, Tuesday evening at the Baptist Chapel on Road St. The proceeds were for the benefit of the chapel.—The bonds of the knitting mill, the proposed issuance of which has been above referred to, were floated and disposed of at public sale Tuesday evening. The purchaser was, we understand, the First National Bank through its agent, Mr. Chas H. Robinson. The validity of the sale seems to be questioned, however, owing to some misunderstanding over the wording of the successful bid. The bonds were disposed of in $500 lots with the privilege of $2,500. Mr. Robinson's bid was "five hundred and two and one half," meaning a two and one half premium on the five hundred, as he states. A number of the other mill men, however, interpreted the word as meaning a two-and-one-half premium on each one hundred. A very material difference as can easily be seen.—We regret to note that S. S. Lamb, Esq., is confined to his home on Matthews St. by delicate health. We wish him a speedy convalescence.—The young men of the city, socially inclined, are requested to meet at the office of Jones & Fearing, Citizens Bank Bldg., Friday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Efforts will be made to organize a German and Social Club in the hope that the winter tedium may be somewhat lightened. A generous attendance is desired.—Thanksgiving services will be held at the 1st Baptist church to-night. The Rev. W. V. Savage of Churchland, Va., will occupy the pulpit.—There is to be a grand massmeeting *in re* railroad at the Court House, Tuesday evening, Dec. 11th. Remember the date.—Mr. John A. Farrow, a prominent citizen of Avon, gave the CAROLINIAN a pleasant call on Saturday.—Mr. R. A. Kohlooss, a leading merchant of Columbia, was in the city during the week.

Thanksgiving!

Your family will have cause for Thanksgiving when they are protected by a New-York Life Accumulation Policy, the safest and best.

Do you wish to provide for the "rainy day" which the ups and downs of life make nearly certain. A New York Life Accumulation Policy will come in handy when your life work is over, and be a source of income in your "old age"; or, if you are so minded it may be the means of giving your children a start in life. Let them pay their premiums as they would other expenses, and it will be not only a protection meanwhile, but something having value at the end of any designated period.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FULMER & CO.

SOME THINGS GOOD TO EAT.

Note the good things to eat now on hand at our store: Finest Hams and Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince-meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We have the choicest Blended Coffees, Pennsylvania Buckwheat Flour, Vermont Maple Syrup and the very Finest Creamery Butter.

Telephone 17.

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

ORIENT

THREE WHEEL Autogo

makes traveling genuine enjoyment. No horse to harness and feed. No steam to generate. No electricity to store. Just a gallon of gasolene and off you go on a 50 mile trip, at a 30-mile-an-hour clip—if you say so. As easily managed as a gentle horse and a good deal more reliable. Propelled by the famous Aster motor—imported from France. Price with full equipment, $450. Let us mail you the details.

WALTHAM MFG. CO., WALTHAM, MASS.

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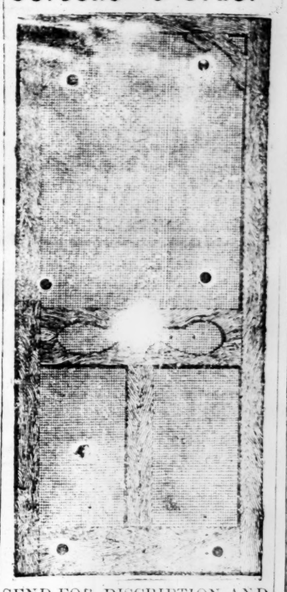

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DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders are promptly filled

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

JOHN F. ROBERTS

Clothes Cleaner & Dyer,

No. 48 Water St. Over Leigh's Barber Shop.

Elizabeth City, N. C

Cleans and Dyes old Clothes.

PRICES MODERATE.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Lungs, Gripne, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism and all Pain. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

THE

NEW-YORK LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

AS

THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.

It is the Oldest and Largest International Life Insurance Company in the world, and is supervised by eighty-two Goverments.

It is the strongest life company in the world.

ASSETS (January 1, 1900),	$236,450,348
LIABILITIES, (4 per cent Standard)	$195,014,864
ADDITIONAL POLICY RESERVE, voluntarily set aside by the Company,	$3,507,699
ACCUMULATED DIVIDENDS,	$28,862,362
OTHER FUNDS for all other contingencies	$9,065,423

If you wish to know what an Accumulation Policy would cost at your age, and what the Company is paying to living policy-holders who insured 15 or 20 years ago at your age write or address

The New-York Life Ins. Agency,

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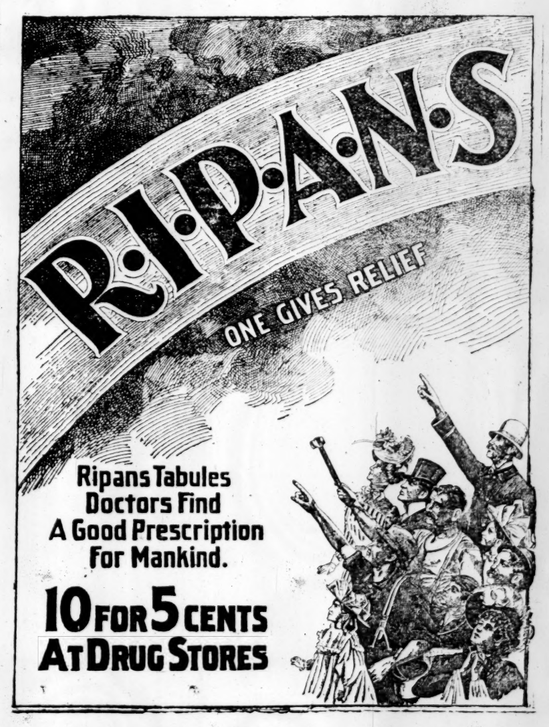

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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NEW YORK

At 6 months old

35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WE AIM

to have our Clothing

THE BEST

that can be made.

OUR

Suits and Overcoats

Are Ready-to-Wear

They have what is lacking in ordinary Ready-made Clothing—the workmanship that keeps the garment shapely, the proper set to the collar; every part right. We have very good reason to believe that our fabrics are the most fashionable and exclusive in the city.

There is no other store that can clothe you as stylishly and as serviceably as we can, and at so little price.

M. WEISEL,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Remember

We are opening and displaying a complete assortment of

Holiday Goods

(More about them next week.)

Melick

A Good. BREAKFAST TABLE MAKES

A HAPPY HOME

and you will have a good breakfast table, and save money besides, if you purchase your Groceries from

W. J. WOODLEY,

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

The Dead City of Yortan.

At the upper course of the Kalkos River, not far from the ancinet Stratonikeia, the French explorer Guadin has discovered a very ancient necropolis. A large quantity of stone vessels and prehistoric implements was also found. The ruins extend over a large area as far as Yortan.

Introduction of the trolley in the French Riviera has resulted in injury to the telephone lines, which are of the grounded pattern.

Coated

Look at your tongue. Is it coated?

Then you have a bad taste in your mouth every morning. Your appetite is poor, and food distresses you. You have frequent headaches and are often dizzy. Your stomach is weak and your bowels are always constipated.

There's an old and reliable cure:

Don't take a cathartic dose and then stop. Better take a laxative dose each night, just enough to cause one good free movement the day following.

You feel better the very next day. Your appetite returns, your dyspepsia is cured, your headaches pass away, your tongue clears up, your liver acts well, and your bowels no longer give you trouble.

Price, 25 cents. All druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills for 35 years, and I consider them the best made. One pill does me more good than half a box of any other kind I have ever tried."
Mrs. N. E. Talbot,
March 30, 1899. Arrington, Kans.

Learning to Wear Glasses.

The unfortunate who comes to the necessity of eyeglasses is likely to find some difficulty and embarrassment in keeping them on at first. In fact, if the nose is not built for the popular pince-nez it requires an experience of months to overcome what may well be called the difficulty of balancing. What at first is an actual impossibility becomes by practice a second nature, which proves that the shape of the nose has but little to do with the question of keeping the glasses on. Once this trick of balancing is mastered there is no further trouble. People who wear glasses habitually keep the spring or clutch very loose, and there is never a mark upon the nose. The glasses rest as lightly as a feather, yet never come off. My old friend Colonel Jonas fell down three flights of stairs and got up with his glasses still firmly in place, yet his nose is positively retrousse.—Victor Smith, in New York Press.

Every woman who goes shopping knows what a counter irritant is.

Weapons.

Justice took the bandage off her eyes, laid aside her sword, seized a bow and quiver of arrows, and started out briskly for a hunt.

"What are you going to do with those toys?" asked Wisdom.

"I am going to shoot Folly as it flies," answered Justice.

"My dear child," rejoined Wisdom, "you will need a Gatling gun."—Chicago Tribune.

A Chinese doctor's fee is perhaps the smallest in the world.

It requires no experience to dye with Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary.

The Hebrew population of London has more than doubled during the last twenty years. It is now estimated at between 100,000 and 120,000.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

A division of the wheat crop in Ellis County, Kansas, would not give each resident more than 1333 bushels.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900

People Marry Older.

Ages given in marriage licenses in the Recorder's office show that men and women are marrying later in life than ten or twenty years ago. The average age is considerably above that of ten years ago and very much above that of twenty, thirty or forty years ago. Formerly it was the rule rather than the exception for brides to be 17 or 18 and grooms 20 or 21. Now it is almost reversed. Figures for several months show that the average bride's age is between 25 and 26, and the groom's between 28 and 29.

The average age of the first six couples applying for license at the Recorder's office Saturday was 33½ for the men, and 32 for the women. When the number of couples had reached nine the figures were reduced to 30 for the men and 28 for the women. These figures, however, are not good criterion, the couples applying Saturday happening to be a little older than ordinarily. Figures also indicate that couples marrying in May are younger, on the average, than those marrying in the fall of the year.

"I don't know to what to attribute the tendency to marry later in life," said the marriage license clerk, "unless it is that it takes the young man longer to get a start in the world than it did twenty or thirty years ago. The country is more developed, there are not so many opportunities open to him, and he must wait longer before he finds himself in a position that would warrant his taking the responsibility of supporting a family. In other words, men no longer marry young because they can't afford it."—Kansas City (Mo.) Journal.

New Fleets of Europe.

The naval estimates of Great Britain for the year 1901 amount to $144,000,000; those of France to $62,500,000; those of Russia to $45,000,000; of Germany, not far from $40,000,000 and of Italy to over $23,000,000. That gives an approximate total of $170,000,000 for the four chief naval powers of the Continent, or about about $26,000,000 in excess of the British figures. In the latter are, however, included sums for naval works for the colonies and India. Germany's total expenditure for the present year amounts to no less than $47,000,000. All the British and continental yards are working day and night at a feverish speed, and many of them cannot get the raw materials as quickly as they need them. Everything points to the fact that large orders will have to be placed in the United States.

FADED IN HER YOUTH

Pretty faces and graceful forms of young women! Why is it they are so soon replaced by plainness and lankness? It is because the young girl just entering into womanhood does not know how to take care of herself and has no one competent to instruct her. It is not necessary that there should be anything weakening or wearying about the functions of a female organism. Parents of young girls should inform themselves and prevent their dear ones from making costly errors.

That young woman has a just cause of complaint, who is permitted to believe that great periodic suffering is to be expected, that severe mysterious pains and aches are part of her natural experience as a woman. These things are making constant war on her health, her disposition and her beauty. It is a wanton sacrifice, absolutely unnecessary and cruel. It is more—it is criminal.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA

for the Blood and Nerves

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, is the right medicine for every young girl who is just entering the first stage of womanhood. It prepares the system in every way to act normally. It enriches the blood supply, and keeps the nerves calm and steady. Fortified with this great medicine, all the womanly duties may be undertaken and experienced without the slightest jeopardy to health. It preserves the gifts of nature and assists their development into glowing, healthful beauty.

Mrs. Mary Frances Lytle, of 2 Hunter Alley, Rochester, N. Y., says:

"I was very pale and delicate—had no color. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, blood and nerve remedy, and now I am well and strong, my face is plump, and cheeks red, and my complexion pure."

Mrs. William Bartels, 239 East 87th St., New York City, says:

"Dr. Greene's Nervura made a wonderful improvement in my health, and that dark, sallow look left my face. My friends hardly know me. I have gained flesh and am like a different person."

The nervousness in women which invariably comes with pain is of itself certain to stop the development of beauty in face and figure. Excited nerves make sharp lines and hasty speech. The beautiful curves which make women so attractive are not possible when the female organism is out of order, as it surely is when discomfort and pain are always or even periodically present. It is only necessary to look in the faces of young women everywhere to see that this must be so. Else why are they so pale and thin?

GET FREE ADVICE FROM DR. GREENE

Real beauty is rare. It belongs to perfect health. It is possible to every woman who takes the matter in hand intelligently. Get advice from Dr. Greene, the great specialist in these matters. He will tell you why all this is so, and show you how to avoid the stumbling blocks that bar woman's way to happiness. You may consult Dr. Greene without cost by calling or writing to him at his office, 35 West 14th Street, New York City. Don't throw away your beauty. Write to Dr. Greene to-day.

THANKSGIVING DAY IN OLDEN TIMES.

Thanks we give for friendship old,
For Love's blessings manifold.
Thanks for all that time has brought,
All the kindness it has wrought;

In our hearts, oh! still may we,
Looking back o'er life's rough sea,
Keep and honor while we may,
Thoughts of thee, Thanksgiving Day.

THE week before Thanksgiving the sewing circle in our village met at Mrs. Nathan Tucker's and there was a full meeting, though everybody was very busy cooking for Thanksgiving.

The Tucker house was redolent with spice and mincemeat. Mrs. Tucker had told several confidentially that she did not know how to have the circle. The members were most of them late, with the exception of Rebecca Todd. She is a widow and lives alone and has nobody to cook for, except herself, and besides she was invited to spend Thanksgiving with her brother.

Rebecca Todd is a very fast sewer, and she had a missionary apron almost finished by the time the others arrived; she had talked every minute, too. Mrs. Todd is noted for her conversational powers. She politely gave an inkling of the topic under discussion to every newcomer, took up the threads, as it were, for her inspection, then proceeded. Everybody, with the exception of Maria Hopkins, listened respectfully. Mrs. Todd is considered a very smart woman, and besides she is well to do, has the finest house in town and the best furniture. Maria Hopkins, who has her own opinions, listened rather contemptuously; once in a while she sniffed in a way she has, and she screwed her forehead very tight over her sewing. She has never liked Rebecca Todd since they were girls together. Mrs. Todd talked, and talked; scarcely any one else said a word. When the last comer, Mrs. Pendergrass, entered she had just begun to relate a Thanksgiving experience of hers, which she considered remarkable, as Maria whispered, she considered most experiences of her own, "I should think she would be astonished because they never put the day she was born into the almanac, to calculate the weather from," whispered Maria, and the minister's wife, who sat next her and is considered too young and giddy by some folks for

"DID THAT SIX-MONTH-OLD BABY GO TO MEETING?" SAID MARIA, WITH ONE OF HER SNIFFS, AND MRS. TODD GLARED AT HER.

a minister's wife, giggled, and then was so scared because she had that she turned pale.

"I was just saying," said Mrs. Todd, very politely, to Mrs. Stephen Pendergrass, who is tall and meek and slides into the first chair as if she were unworthy to sit anywhere, "that everybody has Thanksgivings, but I thought that not everybody had had Thanksgivings that seemed to stand out—special Thanksgivings, as it were."

Mrs. Pendergrass, who is always afraid to speak before more than two, bowed solemnly and colored up and down, and looked as if she had done something awful every Thanksgiving Day of her life, and Mrs. Todd went on sewing all the time as fast as she could drive her needle.

"Yes," said she. "I have had as good Thanksgivings as anybody; always a turkey and everything to go with it, and my relations visiting me, or else me visiting my relations, but I don't remember more than one special Thanksgiving, that seems to sort of stand out, as it were. That was the first one when I ever cooked the whole dinner myself without any help."

"I suppose that was the first Thanksgiving after you were married," said Mrs. Henry Mixter, who is a very genteel, soft-spoken woman; she admires Mrs. Todd very much and tries to be intimate with her.

"No, it was not," Mrs. Todd said, with an important nod the like of which I never saw in anybody else. "No, it was not; it was before I was married, and I cooked the dinner for fifteen and had it ready by 12 o'clock, by the time they got home from meeting, besides putting the house in apple-pie order. Mother wasn't very strong, and my sister Lizy's little Sammy was only six months old. I washed and dressed little Sammy that morning, too, and I washed and dressed brother Henry's twins—his wife wasn't able to do much, and she had a run-around on her thumb—and I curled little Minerva's hair in two rows of curls. I dressed five children that morning, besides all the rest."

"Did that six-month-old baby go to meeting?" said Maria, with one of her sniffs, and Mrs. Todd glared at her.

"No," said she, "he didn't. My sister began early with her children, training them to go to meeting, but she wasn't a fool. I had that baby to take care of, besides all the rest, and he was teething and terrible fractious. I had to keep joggling his cradle between whiles. Then I had to put on father's collar and cravat for him, and do up mother's hair, and heat the soapstones for their feet; they had to go three miles in sleighs, and it was pretty cold. After they were all gone, I tell you I just flew. There was the turkey to cook, and it had to be basted every fifteen minutes—mother wouldn't look at a turkey that wasn't basted every fifteen minutes; didn't think it was fit to eat—and there were all the vegetables to be got ready and the chicken pies to be baked—mother didn't think a chicken pie that was baked the day before it was eat was fit to be looked at—and there was the pudding and the pudding sauce to be made and the table to lay. Then there were seven beds to be made up and everything to be dusted—mother was dreadful particular. Then I had the hens to feed and the eggs to get and fresh sponge cake to make, because mother didn't think it was good unless it was baked the day it was eat; then, to cap the climax, I had to make some butter. Mother had a little cream, just right to churn, and I knew she hated to have it wasted, and so I made a pound and a half of butter, besides all the rest. Then in the midst of it all Sophy Briggs that was—she lived next door, and her folks had gone to meeting and she stayed at home on account of having a cold—came running in with her finger cut to the bone, and I had to do that up in cobwebs, and she hadn't more'n gone before I burnt my own finger lifting out the turkey to baste, so I've got the scar of it now. Well, I lived through it, and that dinner was all on the table at 12 o'clock, when they got home from meeting, and me in my best, all ready to help them out and take off the children's things. Well, as I was saying, that Thanksgiving has always seemed to me a special one, and kind of stands out, as it were."

Mrs. Todd stopped and looked around as if she were waiting for admiration.

"I call that a Thanksgiving to be remembered," said Mrs. Henry Mixter, in her genteel way. "I never heard of such a day's work, and you so young, too."

We all reflected that we had never done anything like it, though we had worked hard enough on Thanksgiving Day, and we all felt impressed, all except Maria Hopkins. She sniffed—"How long was that before you were married, Mrs. Todd, may I ask?" said she.

Rebecca Todd looked sharply at her—"Much as ten years," said she. "Why?"

"Nothing," said Maria, but I could see that she was figuring in her head. After a while, when Mrs. Todd was talking about something else, she broke right in. "I've got something to say," said she. "You were seventeen years old when you were married, Rebecca Todd, and now you are trying to make it out that you were only seven years old when you did such a day's work as that."

Rebecca Todd colored as red as a beat, and a kind of quiver seemed to go all over her, but she looked Maria full in the face. "Well, what of it?" said she.

"I don't believe one word of it," said Maria.

"You can believe it or not, just as you're a mind to," said Rebecca Todd, "but I'm telling it, and I was never known to tell a lie in my whole life."

Well, Mrs. Todd's special Thanksgiving has divided our sewing circle. Half side with her, and half believe she told a wicked lie, and it not fit to associate with us in mission work. To this day nobody knows whether she really had that special Thanksgiving, when she was seven years old or not; but the sewing circle is divided, and this week, before Thanksgiving, one part meets with Mrs. Henry Mixter, and the other part meets with ME.—Mary E. Wilkins, in the New York World.

Chestnut Stuffing For the Turkey.

In making chestnut stuffing for turkey peel the chestnuts, scald them and remove the brown from underneath the skin. Put them into boiling water; cook slowly for about thirty minutes. Drain and then mash or chop. To one quart add a teaspoonful of salt, a tablespoonful of butter and a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper. Stuff this into the turkey and finish as you would with other dressings. Truffles or mushrooms may be added.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Methuselah's Thanksgiving

When Pa bro't Methuselah Green to the farm
T' help him an' Jabez do chores,
I don't think I ever seen sich a thin man.
His fingers wuz nothin' but claws,
His cheeks near the top were jest chuck full of bones,
Like the Indians thet Uncle Si makes;
An' his feet, stuck in cowhides, went clump when he walked,
Jest th' way that an' ol' wagon shakes.
I felt kinder bad fur a man thin ez thet,
But it tweren't no use to keep in,
So the night when he come here I went up an' sez,
"Mr. Green, wuz yer alwus so thin?"

Methuselah Green he jest leaned back and laffed,
Then he winked, and he sed, "Wal, I swow.
Wus I alwus so thin? Do tell, wanter know?
Why, I allus gits thin about now."
He let down the bars to go after th' cows,
An' he wouldn't say anythin' more,
Till one day in th' barn, we wus pilin' th' hay,
An' a turkey walked in at the door.
You jest orter seen our new hired man t. cin,
He leaned on his rake an' he looked,
"A fine hefty bird," sed Methuselah Green,
"But th' best way t' see 'em is cooked."

"When I wus a boy, not a great spell ago,
Fur, I cal'late, a month eb'ry fall,
I'd skin out of eatin' whenever I dared,
An' at times I'd eat nothin' at all.
I'd give way the lunch thet I bro't up t' school,
An' I'd come home tu late t' get tea,
An' mebbe I wusent at Thanksgivin' time
Thin as latns; why, you hev no idee,
I got in the way when a boy, 'bout your size,
An' I can't quit th' hold on it now,
This fall I've bin purty nigh starvin' myself,
Why, I've lost twenty pound, thet I vow."

Methuselah Green then went back to the hay,
Where he chuckled an' laffed fit t' split
I sed, "Mr. Green, be yer laffin' at me?"
An' Methuselah sed, "Not a bit,"
I never could see what Methuselah ate,
Cause he lived in a house down th' hill,
But once I wus helpin' him mend th' stun wall
An' he says to me, "Looka there. Bill,
Jest peep at them beech nuts way up in thet tree,
Jest look at them punkins an' squash,
Jest look at thet turkey; he's fat, an' I'm thin;
Thanksgivin' time's comin' b' Gosh."

Thanksgivin' time come an' th' turkey wuz killed
The pies wuz all made an' the sauce,
Methuselah sez t' me, "Bill, kin yer eat?"
And I sez to Methuselah, "Course."
Pa bro't all the farm hands ter dinner thet day,
But before sittin' down he looked round,
An' asked each one what he felt thankful for most;
Fur a minnit there wusent a sound,
Then Methuselah riz in his seat an' he sed,
"I kin offer up thanks thet I'm thin.
I've bin trainin' fur this since October fifteenth,
An' I wish to the lors you'd begin."
—Arthur H. Folwell.

The Smart Boarder—"Mrs. Smithers, that turkey is not done."

Mrs. Smithers—"Why, Mr. Stump, I'm sure——"

The Smart Boarder—"No, I mean not done growing."—Judge.

Her Reflection.

"You must not eat too much," said the small girl's mother. "If you are careful, you will be perfectly well tomorrow when so many other little children are sick."

"Yes," answered the small girl, "and then wouldn't I be dreadfully out of style?"

An Undersized Turkey.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

In an interview Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, emphasized his country's unselfish aims in China.

The House Committee on Ways and Means has decided not to remove the tax on tea.

Postmaster-General Smith has concluded a parcel post convention with Venezuela.

Lieutenant-General Miles advocated in his annual report a reorganization of the military service and a standing army of one for each 1000 inhabitants.

Secretary Long formally announced that the price for armor plate agreed upon between the Government and the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies was $475.53, including $35.53 royalty.

Rear-Admiral Bradford recommended that the Marconi wireless telegraphy system be used on naval vessels.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The natives control both branches of the Hawaiian Legislature, but have not a two-thirds majority.

The Philippine Commission at Manila discussed a bill for a provincial government in Benguet.

Commander Lucien Young, Captain of the Port of Havana, called for proposals for removing the wreck of the Maine from the bottom of Havana harbor.

Elections in Hawaii resulted in the success of the royalist party, which defeated Democrats and Republicans, both for delegate to Congress and control of the Legislature.

The censorship on cable dispatches at Manila has been removed.

Brigadier-General James F. Smith has been appointed Collector of Customs at Manila.

Secretary Root, Governor-General Wood and a party of American officials left Havana for a trip along the south coast of Cuba.

DOMESTIC.

John Beert, of Chicago, died from fear of hydrophobia after fighting a strange dog with his own teeth and hands.

Major-General Fitzhugh Lee arrived at New York City from Havana to take command of the Department of the Missouri.

The anti-noise ordinance was defeated in the City Council of Chicago.

Rear-Admiral Roger N. Stembel (retired), ninety years old, died from pneumonia, after one week's illness, at New York City.

The faculty of the University of Chicago has forbidden class rushes.

Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the defaulting note teller of the First National Bank, of New York City, was held for the United States Grand Jury.

Bernard Stein, bookseller, was convicted at Chicago of receiving indecent literature from another State by express.

Paul Fuaz, of St. Louis, Mo., a student at Columbia University, at New York City, was asphyxiated in his room.

A movement to close liquor saloons was begun in many cities and towns of Maine.

The two-year-old daughter of R. W. Bennett, of Elsie, was burned to death at Waycross, Ga. The child had been left in a room.

Six persons were killed in a collision between a Pennsylvania freight and a Lake Shore express at Polk, Penn.

Thirty-two survivors of the Irish Ambulance Corps arrived at New York City from South Africa and praised the conduct of the Boers in their struggle for independence.

John C. Hoffelmeier, foreman, and two Chinese were killed by an explosion at the Grant Powder Company's works, Sobrante, Cal.

Frank K. Alderman, a wealthy real estate man, blew out his brains at Fort Wayne, Ind.

William A. Miller, of Roseland Plantation, was shot without warning and instantly killed at Fairview, Miss., by Joseph Miller.

FOREIGN.

European powers are preparing to dismember the Chinese empire by overloading it with debts in paying indemnities.

A Berlin Foreign Office official stated that punitive expeditions against the Chinese would soon cease.

The woman who attempted to kill Emperor William at Breslau, Germany, was sent to an insane asylum.

The cashier of the principal office of the salt monopoly at Lima, Peru, is believed to have gone to Mexico or the United States. The amount of his defalcation is $35,000.

President Kruger's mission to Europe, it is learned, is to seek honorable terms of peace with England, and it is said that he will fight to the last against annexation of the South African republics.

The British Admiralty Court found the Cunard liner Campania responsible for the collision with the bark Embleton near Queenstown, in July last, in which eleven lives were lost.

The first installment in settlement of the American claims for indemnity at Canton, China, was ordered paid.

Thirteen persons, including the Peruvian Minister to France, were killed and twenty injured in a railroad accident near Bayonne, France.

As the first class battleships Kaiser Friedrich III. and Kaiser Wilhelm II. were entering Kiel Harbor they came in collision, both vessels being slightly damaged.

The British warship Pheasant was ordered to Panama to protect British interests.

As a result of the anti-Semitic feeling in the French army, Captain Coblentz, a Hebrew, fought a sword duel in Paris with Roger Luzarche, the captain being wounded three times.

The Indian Government will spend $12,500,000 buying new guns for the Indian army.

General Roberts, commander-in-chief of the British army in South Africa, issued an order compelling the soldiers to take regular musketry practice.

Germany bought 555,000 gallons of American whisky during the year ended June 30 last.

The first cargo of Western grain to be shipped abroad by way of Quebec, Que., was sent by the steamship Albanian.

Snow is four to six feet deep at Vancouver, B. C., an unprecedented condition at so early a date.

The German Reichstag has re-elected Count Von Ballestrem its President.

Great Britain has made a courteous protest to Russia against several incidents in China where Russians brusquely opposed the holsting of the British flag.

The Portuguese Government has deprived Herr Potts, the Transvaal Consul at Lorenzo Marques, of his exequatur.

R. A. Moseley, Jr., Consul-General of the United States at Singapore, died at Yokohama, Japan.

Sergeant-Major Edwards, of the Royal Artillery, shot himself dead in the Citadel, at Halifax, N. S., while his sweetheart awaited him at the altar.

Glasgow, Scotland, has been declared free from the plague.

The Prince Edward Island provincial legislature was dissolved and December 12 appointed election day.

Death in Flowers.

Nowadays people find the germs of disease and death in so many things which had been esteemed harmless, that no one should be surprised to hear of any new source of danger. It might have been thought, however, that flowers would be regarded as immune; but it was not to be. It has been found out, says the Undertakers' Review, that children contract divers fevers through wandering into cemeteries and smelling the flowers which have lain upon the coffins of persons who have died of these disease.

Jarred the Heavens.

Judge Johnson was hearing a case in criminal court. The prosecution was being ably represented by the Assistant District Attorney, who thundered his arguments at the head of the prisoner and sent the circumambient air in surging waves up against the four walls of the courtroom. At one of his most startling stages of oratory he discharged a volley of accusations with such force that the plastering fell from one corner of the ceiling. Judge Johnson remained cool and impassive as he sent out for the janitor, to whom he pointed out the cause of debris.

"Mr. Janitor," he said, "please take that courtplaster over to the jail hospital, where they may need it. Now, Mr. Prescott."—Denver (Col.) Times.

Paderewski's Income.

Paderewski does not have to depend upon piano-pounding for his support. A letter received in Chicago says that the artist derives a good income from the wine, fruit and vegetables produced on his estate at Morges, Switzerland. The orchard contains 5000 cherry trees, from the product of which some excellent kirsch is distilled, and the vegetable garden is large enough to stock a market place. His suppleness of fingers, however, does not come from doing his own weeding.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

In China there is twenty times as much coal as in all Europe.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

A good camel will travel 100 miles a day for ten days through the desert.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is a heap more satisfaction in giving money than lending it.

How Mothers may Help their Daughters into Womanhood

Every mother possesses information of vital value to her young daughter. That daughter is a precious legacy, and the responsibility for her future is largely in the hands of the mother. The mysterious change that develops the thoughtless girl into the thoughtful woman should find the mother on the watch day and night. As she cares for the physical well-being of her daughter, so will the woman be, and her children also.

When the young girl's thoughts become sluggish, when she experiences headaches, dizziness, faintness, and exhibits an abnormal disposition to sleep, pains in the back and lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude, and a dislike for the society of other girls, when she is a mystery to herself and friends, then the mother should go to her aid promptly. At such a time the greatest aid to nature is **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** It prepares the young system for the coming change, and is the surest reliance in this hour of trial.

The following letters from Miss Good are practical proof of Mrs. Pinkham's efficient advice to young women.

Miss Good asks Mrs. Pinkham for Help.

June 12th, 1900.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have been very much bothered for some time with my monthly periods being irregular. I will tell you all about it, and put myself in your care, for I have heard so much of you. Each month menstruation would become less and less, until it entirely stopped for six months, and now it has stopped again. I have become very nervous and of a very bad color. I am a young girl and have always had to work very hard. I would be very much pleased if you would tell me what to do."—Miss Pearl Good, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yeslar Way, Seattle, Wash.

The Happy Result.

February 10th, 1900.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is just simply wonderful the change your medicine has made in me. I feel like another person. My work is now a pleasure to me, while before using your medicine it was a burden. To-day I am a healthy and happy girl. I think if more women would use your Vegetable Compound there would be less suffering in the world. I cannot express the relief I have experienced by using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**"—Miss Pearl Good, Cor. 29th Avenue and Yeslar Way, Seattle, Wash.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

The Shah as a Wag.

In the clock and watch department of the Paris Exposition an expert called the attention of the Shah of Persia to a queer little pendule, which he wished His Majesty to buy. "This little clock," said he, "fires a pistol every hour." "To kill time, I suppose," said the witty ruler, as he walked away.

Travel South.

The tourist travel South has commenced. The Southern Railway, for the coming Winter, will have a most perfect service. New York to all principal resorts of the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Cuba, Mexico, California and Central America. In addition to its three limited trains daily, operating dining and sleeping cars between New York and the principal cities and resorts South, early in January the New York & Florida Limited will resume service between New York and St. Augustine, also carrying Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, New York to Port Tampa, and Aiken and Augusta. The Southern Railway in New York have two offices, down-town at 271 Broadway, and up-town, 1185 Broadway. Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agent, 1185 Broadway, New York.

In every shop in Germany nine-tenths of the machine tools used were made in the United States.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

During the year 1899 Switzerland exported 88,000,000 worth of cheese.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Liverpool has the largest dockage in Great Britain.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

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TEN CENTS

Libby's soups are as good as soups can be. Some cooks may know how to make soups as good. None can make them better—none so cheaply. Six plates of delicious soup for 10 cents—and think of the bother saved!

Oxtail, Mullagatawny, Chicken, Mock Turtle, Tomato, Vegetable, and Chicken Gumbo.

At your grocers, in cans ready for instant serving—just heat them.

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Write for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

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It injures nervous system to do so. BACO-CUR is the only cure that **Really Cures.** BACO-CUR destroys the craving for tobacco, and notifies you when to stop. **Sold with a guarantee that three boxes will cure any case.** BACO-CURO is vegetable and harmless. It has cured thousands, it will cure you. At all druggists or by mail prepaid, $1.00 a box; 3 boxes, $2.50. Booklet free. Write EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., La Crosse, Wis.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE D. N. Will, Sams, Ky., says Frey's Vermifuge is the best worm destroyer I have ever found. Please send me some right away. Mrs. B. C. Synan, Gordonsville, Va., I find Frey's Vermifuge the very best one I have ever used. I write for you direct as I must have this kind and no other. At druggists, country stores or by mail, 25 cts. The children's friend. E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

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